The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,697 New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1886.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE R.A.S.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captains.	1886. TUESDAY.
L ANCONA	3128	600	S. F. Cole	1st June.
—LOMBARDY	6736	600	W. J. Webber	8th "
L PEKIN	3900	600	A Symons	15th "
M CATHAY	2088	500	J. P. Hassal	22nd "
L MASSILIA	4908	1000	S. D. Shallard	29th "
—ASSAM	3938	540	W. J. Nantes	6th July.
L VALETTA	4911	1000	C. D. Sams	13th "
M SIAM	3041	500	R. F. Bricoe	20th "
L TASMANIA	4488	800	C. G. Perrins	27th "

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta; and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others, passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A steam-barge will leave the P. & O. Dockyard, Mazagon, at 2 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1886.
SURAT	3112	550	R. G. Murray	11th June.
PESHAWUR	3900	600	L. H. Moule	25th "
MIRZAPORE	3887	600	R. Harvey	29th July.
BOKHARA	2911	500	H. Weigheil	9th "

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, May 27, 1886.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, and from GENOA on dates given below:—

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340.
" to Marseilles " 520, " 350.

First and Second respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers for Marseilles transhipped at Genoa.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.
Usual Discount to Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.
The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE

Steamer.	Tons. H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
D. BALDUINO	5,000 800	1st June 1886	20th July.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000 800	20th June	10th Aug.
SINGAPORE	5,000 800	10th July	1st Sept.
ARCHIMEDE	4,000 600	1st August	20th Sept.
D. BALDUINO	5,000 800	20th August	10th Oct.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey, via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Tons.	To sail
MANILLA	5,000	6th July.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

A. BISCALDI,
DARASHAW SORABJEE,
Acting Agents
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, May 8, 1886.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

FORTNIGHTLY LINE OF STEAMERS
BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI* AND TRIESTE.

* In order to avoid quarantine, steamers will proceed from Port Said to Trieste direct, omitting Brindisi, until further notice.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail 1886.
AMPHITRITE	B. Gelcich	4,600	650	3rd June.
VORWAERTS	P. Andrianich	2,800	500	16th "
TITANIA	S. Mersa	4,200	600	3rd July.
ORION	P. Mersa	3,500	550	16th "
MEDUSA	E. Perini	3,500	550	3rd August.
ELEKTRA	G. Ragusin	4,200	600	16th "

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 170

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include Wines supplied at meals.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 5th, and BRINDISI on the 7th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch, on the day of sailing.

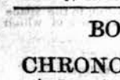
STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail. 1886.
MEDUSA	E. Perini	3,500	550	1st June.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

O. VON HOFFER,
Ag. Agent.
Sassoon House, 70, Church-gate-street, Bombay, 12th May, 1886.

ANCHOR LINE.
BELGRAVIA FOR LIVERPOOL,
SAILING 5TH JUNE.



THE attention of passengers is invited to this well-known and favourite passenger steamer of 5,000 tons, sailing as above. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

Has cabins on deck, ample bathrooms, punkahs and every comfort for first class passengers.
The refrigerating room ensures an unlimited supply of ice, &c., throughout the voyage.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 21st May, 86.

BOMBAY RACES.

CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES.

In Stout Sterling Silver Case .....Rs. 70
Do. in 18-carat Gold ..... " 175

CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES.

HIGHEST CLASS OF WORKMANSHIP PROCURABLE.

In Stout Crystal-faced Case .....Rs. 350
Do. in Hunting Case..... " 375

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.

NOTICE.

TO COMMANDERS OF VESSELS IN PORT.

COMMANDERS of Vessels in Port are *Warned* of the *Bad Weather* which generally accompanies the setting in of the South-West Monsoon, and are directed, from and after the date hereof, to have their vessels prepared.

Special care is to be taken to keep the Hawse clear, and the Cables ready for veering. Cargo Boats should not be allowed to hang astern or alongside at night, or when there are indications of bad weather approaching.

The Commercial Code (including the Day and Night Storm Warning Signals) will be used at the Castle Flag Staff for communicating with the shipping, and should receive immediate attention.

HENRY MORLAND, Captain, I. M.,
Port Officer of Bombay.
Bombay, 27th May 1885.

ESSABJEE ADAMJEE,
TAILOR AND OUTFITTER,
No. 28, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay.

JUST RECEIVED, per steamer "Titania," for Monsoon, the various sorts of clothing as detailed below:—

Merino waterproof coats, size from 50 to 55, of superior colour, Rs. 20 each.
Merino, black, brown, grey, waterproof coats, size from 50 to 55, Rs. 15 each.
Ladies' grey, brown, waterproof coats, size from 50 to 58, Rs. 8 to 10 each.
Cashmere, grey, brown, waterproof coats, size from 44 to 58, Rs. 15 to 18 each.
Black or white waterproof coats for Railway use, size from 42 to 50, Rs. 10 each.
Gentlemen's tweed hats, Rs. 2-8 to 3 each.
Navy serge of assorted colours, coats, and trousers, Rs. 20 to 25 each.
Coachmen's coats with leather covers for turban, Rs. 5-8 to 7 each.
White waterproof cloth, wide 60 inches, Rs. 4 per yard.
Waterproof sheet, warm lining, Rs. 8 to 10.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on FRIDAY, 4th June, 1886, at noon, calling at Veraval, Mangerole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandvie, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "COMMILLA," 867 tons, on MONDAY, 31st May (on arrival of Outward English Mail), calling at Kurrachee, Guadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CHANDA," 2,022 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 2nd June, at 5 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 26th May 1886. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUPERIOR PALE BRANDIES,
FROM THE CELEBRATED DISTILLERIES OF THE VINE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION OF COGNAC.

	Cash.
TREACHER'S PALE COGNAC ..... per doz., Rs.	27 0
TREACHER'S OLD PALE COGNAC "	31 0
TREACHER'S FINE OLD PALE COGNAC, the Celebrated "Heart Labelled" Brandy "	35 0
TREACHER'S SPECIAL INVALID BRANDY, Matured for Medicinal use "	55 0

TREACHER & CO., Limited.

FINE OLD
GLENLIVET SCOTCH WHISKY,
A BLEND OF THE FINEST ORIGINAL
HIGHLAND WHISKIES
Of a Particularly Delicate Aroma and Flavour.

Patrons of "TREACHER'S GLENLIVET" have written as follows:—

"The best Whisky I ever had in India."
"Neither in Bonnie Scotland nor out of it have I met with a better Whisky."
"I congratulate you on the Blend; it is the universal spirit used here."
"Please send us ten dozen of your GLENLIVET for the Mess at once; the last ten dozen have gone very quickly; everybody here likes it."

GLENLIVET WHISKY.
Cash, Rs. 22-8 per dozen.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA,

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

TREACHER and Co., Limited, have imported a consignment of Wines from the best Vine-growing districts of Australia, and the following carefully selected for the Indian market have been placed in stock. It should be specially noted that Australian Wines have specific and distinctive characteristics of their own, and it is therefore almost impossible to compare them with Wines obtained from Continental Europe. In all cases they are the pure unblended juice of the grape, and as such are undoubtedly worthy of a trial.

	Quarts. Per doz. Rs. a.	Pints. Per doz. Rs. a.
GOULBURN HOCK. A Clean White Wine, with good bouquet and flavour	15 0	8 8
RIESLING. A very Sound White Wine, possessing good body with delicate flavour	17 0	9 8
RUTHERGLEN RIESLING. An exceedingly Fine White Wine, with delicate bouquet and pleasing flavour	19 0	10 8
HERMITAGE. A full flavoured Red Wine, with considerable body and flavour, strongly recommended for the use of Invalids	18 0	10 0
SUPERIOR HERMITAGE. An exceedingly good Red Wine, with great body and flavour, possessing many of the qualities of Old Burgundy	21 0	11 8

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.

Fixed Deposits received to a Limited extent on the following terms:—

6, 5½, 5, 3½ per cent per annum subject to 18 months, 12 ", 9 ", 6 " notice of withdrawal.

For Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, and further particulars, apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Managing Director.
9, Elphinstone Circle.

THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OF THE BYCULLA CLUB at BOMBAY having in contemplation the REMOVAL of the CLUB to another site are prepared to receive and consider offers for the PURCHASE of the BYCULLA CLUB ESTATE, comprising an extensive range of buildings (which include the Club House and Kiosk and numerous Chambers, Bedrooms, Servants' rooms, Stables, Kitchens, Racquet-court, Race-stand, and other buildings) with ornamental Pleasure Grounds, Kitchens, Gardens, Ferneries, Tanks, &c., &c., the land admeasuring 145,613 square yards or thereabouts.

Offers for the purchase of the above property and all communications in respect of this advertisement should be addressed to Messrs. CRAIGIE, LYNCH, and OWEN, Solicitors, Bombay, from whom further particulars regarding the property can be obtained.
Bombay, 4th May 1886.

NOTICE.

THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER for the CITY of BOMBAY is prepared to receive tenders for the Execution of the works of the Duct from the TANSA DAM to GHAT-KOPAR near Kurla.

Printed copies of "Form of Tender," "Instructions to Tenderers," "Form of Contract," "Description" and "Specification" can be obtained at the office of the Executive Engineer, Tansa Works, Municipal Buildings, on payment of Rs. 10 for each copy.

Plans can be inspected, and all information relating to the works can be obtained on application at the same office.

No tender will be accepted unless it is accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 30,000 in cash or in Indian Government paper, or in Bombay Municipal Debentures, or in Bombay Port Trust Bonds.

Tenders sealed and endorsed on the cover "Tender for Tansa Duct" will be received at the office of the Municipal Commissioner up to 2 p.m. on Thursday the 15th July 1886.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

E. C. K. OLLIVANT,
Municipal Commissioner for the city of Bombay.
Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 19th May 1886.

JOHN FLEMING & Co., BOMBAY
(London House—Fleming, Wilson & Co.),
HAVE in stock at present, or on the way out,
6 & 8 H.-P. HORIZONTAL FIXED ENGINES,
6, 8, 10 & 12 H.-P. PORTABLE ENGINES,
PRIESTMAN'S DREDGERS.
COMBINED FLOUR MILLS with French Burr Stone 48 inches diameter.
8 feet MORTAR GRINDING MILLS.
HAND POWER MORTAR MIXING MACHINES.
PICKAXES, HOES and PLATELAYERS' BEATERS of highest quality.
STEEL & FILES, by THOS. JOWITT & SONS.
METALLIC FIRE-ENGINES for 8 men.
DOUBLE BARREL LIFT & FORCE PUMPS.
CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS, 3, 4, 6 and 8 inch.
DIRECT ACTING STEAM PUMPS.
MANILLA HEMP-COVERED BESSEMER STEEL WIRE ROPE.
WOULDHAM Co.'s PORTLAND CEMENT.
CALVERTS 15 per cent. CARBOLIC DISINFECTING POWDER.
CALVERTS "SOLUBLE CRESOL."
CARLTON SILICATE PAINTS.
STEEL BARB FENCING WIRE.
HORSE SHOE NAILS, of best Swedish Iron.
NOBEL'S EXPLOSIVES "GIANT DYNAMITE" and BLASTING GELATINE, DETONATORS, &c.
14-ft. PORTABLE RAILWAY, complete with Sleepers and all Fastenings.
Estimates prepared for all classes of Railway Materials Water Supply, &c., &c.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S BURGUNDIES AND SAUTERNES.

CASH. Per doz. Quarts. Rs. a.			CASH. Per doz. Pints. Rs. a.
18 0 ... Still	... BURGUNDY ... A favourite White Dinner Wine.	...Chablis	... 10 0
19 0 ... Still	... BURGUNDY ... A fine red full-bodied Wine.	...Beaune	... 10 8
23 0 ... Still	... BURGUNDY ... Distinguished for flavour and aroma.	...Macon	... 12 8
21 0 ... Still	... BURGUNDY ... This Wine is of fine character and in excellent condition.	Pommard...	11 8
31 0 ... Still	... BURGUNDY ... This is an exquisite Wine, possessed of every charm for which the finest Burgundies are famous.	Chambertin	... 17 0
18 0 ... Fine	... SAUTERNE ... A good light refreshing Wine.	... Barsac	... 10 0
22 0 ... Superior	... SAUTERNE ... Fine mellow flavour with good aroma.	from the Bordeaux Dist.	12 8
30 0 ... Haut	... SAUTERNE ... Old in bottle, renowned for its aroma and fine body.	very rich and fine	... 16 0

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.

THOMSON and TAYLOR'S blend of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON AND ISLAY rank amongst the finest of Whiskies imported into this country. It is a rich, mellow and soft Spirit, genuine and wholesome. A trial is solicited from all who appreciate

A REALLY GOOD SOUND WHISKY PEG.

Shipments arrive regularly direct from Scotland, so that Clubs and Messes can be promptly supplied. Price per dozen, Rs. 23; per bottle, Rs. 2, cash.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

SYMPATHETIC PIANOS.
Illustrated price-lists post-free.

SOUNDY & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

INVALIDS' SHERRY.

THE great popularity that has attended the introduction into India of our INVALIDS' PORT has led us to confer with Medical authorities in the selection of a suitable Spanish Wine possessing tonic properties beneficial to Invalids. We have selected a remarkably good Wine which we designate "IMPERIAL SHERRY," because of the exalted favour it receives. We confidently recommend it to dyspeptics, feeling sure that when they taste the Wine they will not be disappointed. We have specially labelled and otherwise protected this Sherry. We ship it in plain white square bottles.
The price is Rs. 30 per case of 1 Dozen, subject to discount for Cash.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
BOMBAY
BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY.

HOT WEATHER.
ICE CREAMS, CREAM SODAS, NEAPOLITAINES COOLING DRINKS, ICE NEAPOLITAINES, PUDDINGS.
orders
for private dinners promptly executed.

CONFECTIONERY, PASTRY, BON-BONS.

WEDDING AND CHRISTENING AND BIRTHDAY CARDS to orders, on the latest style.

ÆRATED WATERS OF THE BEST QUALITY.

CO-OPERATIVE STORES, LD.,
FORBES STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

ROENISCH PIANOFORTES.
Illsutrated price-lists free by post.

SOUNDY & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

CHAMPAGNE.

WE keep in our Godowns shipments from the undermentioned Houses:—

	Net Cash.
*POMMERY and GRENO— Extra Sec ..... per case	Rs. 63 0
*WACHTER Co.— "Royal Charter," Extra Dry ..... "	" 58 4
PERINET and FILS— Cuvée Réservée, Extra Sec ..... "	" 56 8
HEIDSIECK & Co.— Dry Monopole ..... "	" 60 0
*"RESERVEE CUVEE"— Extra Dry, our own shipping ..... "	" 53 8
MOET and CHANDON— Brut Impérial, very dry ..... "	" 54 0
Extra Superior ..... "	" 52 0
White dry Sparkling Sillery ..... "	" 48 0
FINEST EXTRA DRY— For Invalids, per hamper of 24 half-pints ..... "	" 34 8
*JEAN SIBADEY— Carte Blanche ..... "	" 34 8
*SAUMUR— Finest Sparkling, our own shipping ..... "	" 26 12

Brands marked thus (*) in cases of 2 doz. pints at Rs. 3 per case extra.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.,
BOMBAY
BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY.

SOUTH-WEST MONSOONS.

THE "PERFECT" WATERPROOF WATCH.

THE "WATERPROOF WATCH," as its name indicates, is so constructed that it is a complete proof against water, and consequently of moisture and dust.

Dipped into water, heated up to 120°, this Watch has come out uninjured. It is constructed on a sound and improved principle, and is particularly recommended to persons whose occupations expose them to damp and dust, and the arrangement of winding, setting, and regulating obviates the necessity of ever exposing the works, thus doing away with the necessity of occasional cleaning. To wind the Watch, turn the button as in keyless watches half round to the right, then wind up as usual. To set to time, turn the button three or four times round to the right, then draw it slightly out; a click will warn you that the hands are ready for setting; when, set to time, push in the button, and screw it tightly to the left.

The WATERPROOF WATCH is manufactured in Medium Size, and may be had at the following prices—

In Silver, Crystal-faced Case ... ... Rs. 45
German Silver, " " ... ... " 35

GUARANTEED FOR TWO YEARS.

MARCKS & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

COTTON, LISLE, "DOUBLE FEET AND HEELS." "GENTS." BALBRIGGAN SOCKS.

	Per doz. Rs. a.		Rs. a.
FINE UNBLEACHED COTTON	... 10 0	COLOURED COTTON, Fancy Stripes, Light or Medium Shades	... 26 0
SUPERFINE DO. DRESSED	... 13 0	SUPERFINE DRAB, Fancy Stripes, stylish and well finished	... 18 0
FINE BALBRIGGAN-Embroidered, Silk	... 18 0	EXTRA SUPER FAWN AND BROWN, neat decided or coloured Stripes	... 24 0
SUPERFINE do. do.	... 25 0	SUPER TURKEY RED, suitable for Dress, &c., soft and elastic	... 26 0
EXTRA SUPER, very Thin and Elastic	... 30 0	EXTRA SUPER ditto, Silk Side Clocks, very handsome	... 30 0
FINE LISLE THREAD, Thin and Cool, a choice Assortment of Fancy Stripes	... 26 0		
SUPER NAVY BLUE Balbriggan-Embroidered, Red, White, Gold, Blue, Side Clocks.	42 0		

White or Fancy Striped (Bathing or Athletic) Drawers, with Strings to Tie, Rs. 2 and 2-8.

12½ PER CENT. DISCOUNT—Cash with order or Value P. Post.

HOAR & CO., { HOSIERS, } BOMBAY.

POONA SEASON.
SPECIAL NOTICE.

SOUTHWELL and AUSTIN are now prepared at their POONA ESTABLISHMENT with the LATEST NOVELTIES in DRESS MATERIALS, ARTISTIC MILLINERY LACES, SUNSHADES, etc., from the BEST LONDON and PARISIAN HOUSES.

The DRESSMAKING DEPARTMENT will as usual during the POONA SEASON be entirely under the PERSONAL SUPERVISION of Mr. AUSTIN.

An inspection is respectfully solicited.

SOUTHWELL & AUSTIN,
DRESSMAKERS, MILLINERS AND OUTFITTERS.
EAST STREET, POONA. APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

COLLARD & COLLARD PIANOS.
Illustrated price-lists post-free.

SOUNDY & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

POTOSI SILVER WARE.

THE best and most useful ware of the day, having all the good qualities of Silver, and at a trifling cost.

WARRANTED never to change color, it being a hard, white metal similar to Silver; it rather improves, than otherwise, by wear.

CHOTA HAZRI SETS.

1. Consisting Teapot, Sugar, Cream, Toastrack with Pepper, Salt, Egg-cup, and Spoon. Price, Rs. 21-8-0.
2. Same as above, but larger size Teapot and double Toastrack, Rs. 26-8-0.
3. Consisting Coffee Pot, Sugar, Cream, etc., etc.

Tea Pots, ½ Pint, Rs. 5-8. 1 Pint, Rs. 7-8. Coffee Pots, 2 pints, Rs. 17-8.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Dessert size Forks	per doz. 5 8	Egg Spoons	per doz. 3 0
Table do.	" 7 8	Mustard Spoons	" 2 8
Dessert size Spoons	" 5 8	Salt Spoons	" 2 8
Table do.	" 7 8	Soup Ladles	each 3 0
Tea Spoons	" 3 0		

BARTON & COMPANY, Ld.,
CHEMISTS, WINE AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO'S
CELEBRATED
INVALIDS' PORT WINE.
RECOMMENDED BY MEDICAL MEN.
Price Rs. 27-12 Net per dozen Quarts.

THIS WINE HAS NOW MANY IMITATIONS
See that our Brand is on the Cork, Capsule, and Label.

SCHIEDMAYER'S PIANOS.
Illustrated price-lists free on application.

SOUNDY & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

PATRONIZED BY
H. E. THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF BOMBAY,
GENERAL SIR C. G. ARBUTHNOT, K.C.B.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL,
FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

HARRY STANLEY'S
JUVENILE OPERA BOUFFE
AND
PANTOMIME COMPANY.
TO-NIGHT, SATURDAY, MAY 29TH,
NO PERFORMANCE,
Owing to the Theatre being engaged by a Native Company.
MONDAY, 31st MAY, 1886,
MONDAY, 31st MAY, 1886,
MONDAY, 31st MAY, 1886,
Gilbert and Sullivan's Comic Opera, entitled
H.M.S. PINAFORE.
H.M.S. PINAFORE.
H.M.S. PINAFORE.
H.M.S. PINAFORE.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:—Rs. 4, 2, 1, and 8 annas.
Reserved Tickets at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Ld.
Children under 10 years will be admitted at half price in First, Second and Third Seats only.
DOORS OPEN AT 8-30. COMMENCE AT 9 sharp.
WM. FARMER,
Business Manager.

MINNESINGERS.

NOTICE.—The SMOKING CONCERT fixed for the EVENING of MONDAY, the 31st instant, is unavoidably POSTPONED. By order of the committee.
G. W. ROUGHTON.
Honorary Secretary.

NOTICE.

CHUBB'S GOODS
FOR
OVERLAND PASSENGERS
TO
EUROPE and CHINA.
WRITING, CASH, Despatch, and Flat Deed Boxes of sizes. Only to be had at fixed rates at
CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART,
37, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.
Established 1847.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT NO. 155 OF 1886.
JAIRAJ MAKANJI .....Plaintiff.
vs.
CURSONDAS NARRONJEE AND GOKULDASS JETHANI, JEEWANDASS DWARKADASS, and DWARKADASS DEWJEE .....Defendants.
Claimants.

WHEREAS by a Warrant for attachment before judgment issued herein on the 13th day of April 1886, the Sheriff seized and attached (inter-alia) four hundred and seventy-five bags of Myrabollams.
AND WHEREAS by an order made herein by the Honorable Mr. Justice Scott, dated the 29th day of April, 1886, it was ordered that the Sheriff of Bombay should sell the said four hundred and seventy-five bags of Myrabollams.
NOW IT IS HEREBY PROCLAIMED AND NOTIFIED that on MONDAY, the 14th day of June 1886, at 3 p.m., the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the said order put up for sale by public auction in the godown of Gungadass Vrijbhookandas on the Jail Road the said four hundred and seventy-five bags of Myrabollams.
Each lot to be paid for at the time of sale.
For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff.—Dated this 28th day of May 1886.
W. WORDSWORTH,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Messrs. PAYNE, GILBERT, & SAYANI,
Attorneys for Claimants,
and
MULJEE BHOWANIDAS BARBHAYA, Esq.,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

LADIES'
LISLE THREAD HOSE,
BLACK DIAMOND DYE.
From Cash Rs. 2-4 per pair.
CHILDREN'S
LISLE THREAD HOSE,
BLACK DIAMOND DYE.
From Rs. 1-10 per pair,
CHILDREN'S
COTTON HOSE,
BLACK DIAMOND DYE.
From Cash Rs. 1-6 per pair.
WATSON AND Co.,
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LOCOCK'S LOTION
FOR THE COMPLEXION
IS a delightful preparation for the skin, gives Health and Beauty to the CHEEKS, FACE, HANDS, and NECK, rendering the skin Soft, Delicate, and Lovely. It effectually removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, and Sunburn, and is so innocuous as to be the best application of excoriation and abrasion of the skin, even of infants.
Per bottle, Re. 1-4 and Rs. 2.
COOPER, MADON AND CO., Limited,
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PODOPHYLLIN
AND
TARAXACUM ELIXIR
Is used with great advantage by sufferers from Liver Complaints. It removes bile from the blood, rouses the liver from its torpid state to a healthy action and activity, and regulates the bowels, removes constipation, and expels all impurities from the system.
Per bottle, Re. 1-8.
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HYGIENIC ILLUMINATION.
DR. WRIGHT'S PULMONIC CANDLES
(Eucalyptus)
SECURE FOR INVALIDS A GOOD NIGHT'S REST,
Afford relief in ASTHMA, CROUP, WHOOPING-COUGH, BRONCHITIS, DYSPNŒA, and in all affections of the Respiratory Organs.
OPINIONS OF THE PROFESSION.
"These Pulmonic Candles diffuse an agreeable fragrance during combustion, and will be a comfort to persons suffering from Asthmatic affections."—*Lancet.*
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MADON'S
COD-LIVER-OIL EMULSION
WITH
LACTO-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.
USED AND RECOMMENDED BY THE MEDICAL FACULTIES.
MADON'S COD-LIVER-OIL EMULSION, &c., is a known specific remedy for Wasting Diseases arising through any cause.
MADON'S COD-LIVER-OIL EMULSION, &c., has been used with great success in cases of defective Assimilation, Cough, and Consumption.
MADON'S COD-LIVER-OIL EMULSION, &c., is employed in various forms of Dyspepsia, but chiefly in those presumed to depend upon the Debility of the Stomach, and other diseases caused through Defective Nutrition.
MADON'S COD-LIVER-OIL EMULSION, &c., never fails to cure Rickets in Children.
MADON'S COD-LIVER-OIL EMULSION, &c., is entirely free from the disgusting smell and taste of Cod-Liver-Oil, is miscible in water, milk or coffee.
MADON'S COD-LIVER-OIL EMULSION, &c., is taken readily by children and females and delicate patients without the least repugnance.
Re. 1 per bottle.
"Your COD-LIVER-OIL EMULSION, &c., has done my patient a great deal of good."
"The COD-LIVER-OIL EMULSION, &c., was given to a young boy with weak heart. I am glad to say he is improving. The boy takes it without the least dislike. I therefore herewith convey my heartfelt thanks."
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
COOPER, MADON AND CO., Limited,
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COLLECTION of LEGISLATIVE ACTS comprising Sea Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act, Indian Arms Act, The Opium Act, The Bombay Salt Act, The Salt Act, The Stamp Act, The Indian Ports Act, The Native Passenger Ships Act, The Abkari Act, Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay Port Trust Act. Price, Rs. 5; interleaved, Rs. 6-8.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO LET, with immediate possession, a beautifully furnished BUNGALOW, on Malabar Hill, for six months. Rent moderate. For particulars apply to
P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby Row. House Agent.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.
NOTICE is hereby given that it is intended to TEST VARIOUS ARTICLES of produce for TONNAGE on WEDNESDAY, 16th proximo, at the godowns of Messrs. Ralli Brothers, Carnac Bunder. Any person desirous of having special articles added to the tonnage scale will please communicate with the undersigned.
JOHN MARSHALL,
Secretary.
Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, 28th May, 1886.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE* POONA AGENCY.
FROM this date we have appointed Messrs. COOPER, MADON and Co. our Agents at Poona or the sale of
The *Bombay Gazette* Daily
" " " Overland Summary,
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and for all other publications issuing from this Office.
Apply at Messrs. COOPER, MADON & Co. Branch Establishment, East-street, Poona.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

MAHABLESHWUR READY-LAID DAK.—Framjee Ardaseer, Mail Contractor, appointed Dak Supplier in ordinary to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, has always on hand at Civil Lines, Poona, comfortable DAK PHAETONS and TONGAS. Terms moderate.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms apply to Messrs. Soundy and Co., Rampart-row.

GASOLINE OIL, in 5 gallon drums, FOR SALE. Apply to M. MONDOLFO & Co., No. 5, Apollo Street.

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, a .577 bore EXPRESS RIFLE. Apply with particulars to F. L. SPROTT, Yellapen, N. Canara.

CALADIUMS.—PLANTS IN GROWTH, distinct varieties, from Rs. 12 per dozen. Descriptive lists of 100 sorts on application.—Mr. T. BROMLEY, Mahim, Bombay.

TO-DAY'S ICES.—Pistachio and Strawberry Cream, Rose water Ice. Ham, Bacon, and Cheese, ans. 12 per lb. Cooked Ham, Rs. 2 per lb.—MORENAS & Co., Wine, Spirit, and General Merchants.

LADIES' REQUISITES.—Plush companions, plush hand bags, leather hand bags, feathers, flowers, frillings, laces, gloves, &c., &c. Prices cheap.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

THE ALEXANDRA HOTEL, Frere Road, opposite the new Extension Docks, will be OPENED on the 1st June, at 7 p.m., by Mr. PESTONJEE SORABJEE, Proprietor of the Royal Hotel at Mazagon.

BEWARE of country imitations under the name of French Tiles. ARNAUD ETIENNE'S roofing, flooring ridges, &c., are the best and genuine French Tiles only imported by SORABSHA & Co., Sole Agents, 25, Medow Street, Fort.

TO-DAY'S ICES, Vanilla, Chocolate, Lemon, and Rasberry; also Wines and Spirits of the best quality to be had only at the Vienna Confectionery. Whoever likes to have good Mocha Coffee try at the VIENNA CONFECTIONERY.

ROPES FOR SALE.—HARTON'S OILED COIR and MANILLA. Apply OWEN & OKELL, Apollo-street.

GENTLEMEN wishing to have a good fit and cheap TWEED SUITS, should only go to Y. A. LACKA & Co. Sure to save their money. Hunmum Street, Bombay.

FIRE BRICKS and FIRE CLAY, Blochairn Brand Bricks Rs. 75 per 1,000. Clay Rs. 30 per ton.—ROGERS & Co.

EFGH WHISKY, the first shipment of this very superior old whisky has just arrived. Price Rs. 27 per dozen.—Apply EWART, LATHAM & Co.

FOR SALE, Superior BEEHIVE BRANDY, landed Ex. s.s. "Altmore," WALTER NUTTER & Co., opposite the Custom House.

LUSINGER BEER, far superior to any of the so-called Pilsener beer sold out here. Rs. 14 per case of 3 doz. Bottles.—W. H. NEBEL and Co.

WANTED, for the Naini Tal Farm, some thorough bred English and China Pigs. State price and age to H. W. JOHNSON and Co., Naini Tal.

LOOSE SEEDS, English and Continental, Any quantity, from 1 annas and upwards.—PALEKAR & Co., Esplanade Cross Road, Bombay.

BONA-FIDE Auction Sale of Kesowjee Naik's handsome furniture, large and very valuable organ, &c., &c., on 29th inst., at 1 p.m., at Malabar Hill.

BOOK OF BOMBAY.—Illustrating the TOPOGRAPHY and HISTORY of BOMBAY and WESTERN INDIA. Cloth bound, Demy 8vo., Rs. 5.

VICTORIA and VICTORIA FAMILY HOTEL, No. 1 Esplanade, next to Gymkhana, and opposite to the Parade Ground. Nice, airy, comfortable rooms.

FOR SALE, 6 horse-power PORTABLE ENGINE and 4-inch Centrifugal Pump, both in good order.—Apply Machine Exchange Co., 27, Apollo Street, Fort.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN will find our Establishment replete with all their requirements at strictly moderate prices.—THE CASH BAZAAR, Ld., Bombay.

WANTED, European NURSE or NURSERY GOVERNESS for young children, one not long resident in India preferred. Address Mrs. ANDERSON, Tanna.

TO BE LET, furnished or unfurnished, a LARGE BUNGALOW, known as "Harrington Lodge." For particulars, apply to GREEN & READ.

TO BE LET, at once, a well-furnished, AIRY BUNGALOW, on Malabar Hill. Apply J. B. M., care of this Office.

GALVANIZED CORRUGATED IRON SHEETS, just arrived, 18, 20, 22 and 24 gauge, 6, 7, and 8 feet by 2 inches wide. Richardson & Cruddas, Bombay Metal Mart.

TO BE SOLD, a pair of well-matched HORSES, about 14-2, believed to be sound, young, and quiet. Apply "MARKET," care of *Bombay Gazette*.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1886. Price, Rs. 5; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

WHERE can you buy a watch, worth the money you spend? A single trial will convince that such an establishment is KANNY & Co., 9, Meadow-street, Bombay.

THE PHŒBUS.—Photographic Apparatus (for amateurs), complete in polished wooden box. Two sizes, Rs. 55 and Rs. 45.
J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—RARE GOLD INDIAN AND FOREIGN COINS, also Masonic and Personal Jewellery, at REDUCED PRICES.—Apply STEWARD & Co. No. 2, Church-gate-street.

PRICE CURRENT.—Published once a week contains shipping arrivals, departures, exports imports, and other commercial news. Subscription Rs. 10 per year.

MEMBERSHIP of the SASSOON MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, and the use of the Institute's Library, are now extended to up-country residents. For particulars apply to the HON. SECRETARY.

WRITE for our new set of patterns of Shirtings in all materials. Large consignments just to hand. Special manufacture for Hot Weather Shirts.—BADHAM PILE & Co., Limited, Rampart-row Bombay,

THE well-known FITZGERALD HOTEL is RE-OPENED; old premises has been remodelled, and a new building open on all sides has been added. Wines and table first-class.—NOWROJEE JAMSETJEE, Proprietor, Fitzgerald Hotel.

FOR SALE, owner going Home,—A nearly new MAIL PHAETON with a pair of well-matched young bay Arabs, height 14-1½; this season's importation, including brass-mounted double harness and stable requisites.—Apply to "ALPHA," care of this paper.

A YOUNG LADY (an officer's daughter) seeks an engagement as COMPANION to a Lady, or as GOVERNESS to 2 or 3 children, would be willing to combine the two duties if required. Salary no consideration, so long as a comfortable home is provided.—Address X., care of Post Master, Ahmednagar.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BUDGET, published every Friday, specially prepared for Indian subscribers, with 8 pages Supplement of English news, in addition to 24 pages of Indian matter. Rates, Rs. 12 per year for Indian subscribers, post free; and Rs. 17 including postage, for the United Kingdom.

PEARSE'S RESTAURANT.—Breakfasts, Dinners, Tea, Coffee, Ices, Cooling Drinks Wines, Spirits, &c., 22 Apollo Street.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & COMPANY,
4, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE of a choice collection of rare Plants in pots and tubs at Chinchpoogle, Parel Road, No. 414
Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place on SATURDAY, the 5th June, at 6 a. m., the whole of the collection of rare plants in tubs and pots, such as choice crotons, begonias, ferns, codiarum, lonaifoliums, panaxitidium, and roses of varieties, belonging to E. WRIGHT, Esq.
Now on view.
N.B.—To suit intending purchasers, the plants will be put up in small lots.
SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.
Bombay, 28th May, 1886.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO., No. 4, FORBES & MEADOW-STREETS.

SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS FOR REMOVAL.
Under instructions from E. C. K. Ollivant, Esquire, C.S., the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, the undersigned will sell by Public Auction, at the Junction of Clare and Ripon Roads, Byculla, on TUESDAY, the 1st June 1886, at 4-30 p.m., on the premises, the whole of the materials for removal of the building at the junctions of the said roads, &c., &c.

BONA-FIDE SALE.
Sale of valuable and handsome English, Marble, Gilt and Open-work Suits of Saloon, Drawing, Dining and Bedrooms' Furniture; Splendid Self-acting Large Organ with 6 Barrels by Imhof and Mukle, English Clock by Moore and Son; Excellent Chandeliers, Argand Lamps and Wall Brackets; Gold Watch by Barr and Lund with Gold Chains, Yellow Wire Waist Belt with Gold Clasp; Silver, Glass View Balls, Mechanical Pictures, Wooden Figures, English Hall Carpets, Treasury Safe, Thick Plate Pier Glasses, Handsome Table Ornaments, Marriage Saddle, Gun, Toy Cannon, Garden Light Pillars, Swing with Brass Rods, Copper, Brass and White-metal Utensils, Brougham, Dog Cart, Palanquin, Gram Grinding Mill, &c., &c.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 400 of 1885.
The New Fleming S. and W. Co., Ld.....Plaintiffs.
Luckhumsey Lalljee and others.....Defendants.
Under instructions from the Receiver appointed in the above Suit by an order of the Court, dated the 21st December, 1885, and authorized by the Decree made in the said suit by the said Court on the 8th April, 1886, to sell the properties therein mentioned. Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will, THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 29th inst., at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and on the alternate days, sell by Public Auction at Malabar Hill in the Bungalow lately in the occupation of Kessowjee Naik, the whole of the above moveable properties. Catalogues are printed and the property is on view.
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 29th May, 1886.

HOUSES TO BE LET.

TO BE LET, GROUND FLOOR of one of the New Buildings on the Esplanade, either for a shop or Barristers Chambers, or for a Solicitors Office, or for a private residence. For rent and other particulars, apply to
P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby Row. House Agent.

TO LET, a very desirable commodious upper-storied BUNGALOW at Parell, with a most charming Garden. For rent and other particulars apply to
P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby Row. House Agent.

TO BE LET, from 1st May next, a very desirable SHOP at Byculla, at present occupied by Messrs. D. S. KEMP and Co. Alterations will be made according to the incoming tenant's desire. For rent and other particulary apply to.
P. BYRAMJEE,
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NOTICES.

TALC (ISINGLASS STONE)
FROM my own mines and raffinement works in Austria, genuine, brillant white and well ground, also inferior qualities at the lowest prices.
EDUARD ELBOGEN,
Office, Vienna III. Hintere Zollamtsstrasse Austria.
SAMPLES FORWARDED.

HOTEL de EUROPE OPENED at PAREL-ROAD, Byculla, No. 44, under an experienced Proprietor; situated in a quiet locality; large airy Rooms.
Wines, Beers and Spirits of the best quality.
First-class Billiard Table. Breakfast, Tiffin, Dinners, and Suppers at any time.
A splendid Orchestra every night from 9 p.m. to 3 a.m.
Proprietor—S. PARTNOY.

PLEASE to note that HENRY S. CASTRO, Esq., leaves MY FIRM, and that from the First of May he has no more POWERS to SIGN on my behalf.
AUG. M. MISRAHI.
Commission Agent in Diamonds Pearls, and Precious Stones.
PARIS, 9 rue de Cheteaudun. BOMBAY, 7, Apollo Street.

METALLIC ANTIMONY.
THE undersigned requires 1,200 lbs.
It must be pure, crystalline, and brittle, and may be subjected to analysis.
W. MERRIMAN, Lt.-Col., R. E.,
Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences,
Bombay Defences Office, Fort, 26th May 1886.

PIANOS, manufactured for India, full compass, at Rs. 180 and Rs. 360, beautifully finished. Unique opportunity for schools. Cottage shape. For inspection at F. FISCHER & Co., Medow Street, Fort, Bombay. Only a few left in stock.

BOMBAY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, (Limited.)
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INSURANCE against FIRE effected in any part of India on the most favourable terms. Special advantages offered to insurers in the Island or Bombay. Up-country agents wanted.
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FIRE ENGINES, Fire Escapes, Hoses, and appliances of all kinds for extinguishing Fires. Apply to
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Agents, Bombay.

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TO PERSONS INTERESTED IN FOREST OPERATIONS AND OTHERS.
FOR SALE.—Two timber preserving apparatus, (Boulton's Patent) incomplete, for working alternative processes with creosote or sulphate of copper, consisting of Horizontal Engines, Boilers and other fittings.
For further particulars apply to the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Guaranteed Railway, Calcutta.
Any reasonable offer will be considered.
Calcutta, 13th May 1886.

FOR SALE, IN STOCK, HORIZONTAL ENGINE fitted with Tangyes Patent Governor and Expansion Valves and Pumps, from 3 to 100 N. H. P., Lathes, Pumps, Steam Hammer, Centrifugal Pumps, Rolled Shafting, Pullies, Drums 4-6, and 6 feet dia., Boring Machine, Boilers, Donkey Pumps, Anvils Swage Blocks, and all classes of Cotton Spinning Machinery, Reeds and Healds, Roller Washer and Scavenger Cloths, Heald Yarn, Spindle Band, Bundling Band, and all classes of Mill-Stores.
T. SUGDEN, 45, New Foras-road, Byculla.

NEW DICTIONARIES for Civil and Military Officers and students of colleges. Persian and English, Royal 8 vo. sized, 668 pages, containing upwards of 36,000 classic and 4,000 modern Persian words. Price, Rs. 15. Its reverse part English and Persian containing 1,111 English and 80,000 Persian words and idioms of frequent occurrence. Price, Rs. 10. To be had from the compiler Maulur Fazli Ali, Regimental Munshi of the 4th King's Own Regiment, main street, Camp Poona, and his brother Munshi Mohamed Baker, Secretary to Turkish Consul-General, Meadow-street, Fort, Bombay, on Cash payment or per V. P. P.

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INTEREST ALLOWED,
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For list of Prices apply to
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BEST INVALID PORT.—This wine is carefully selected and guaranteed as of excellent quality and very highly recommended by medical practitioners for invalids and convalescents. Price Rs. 27 per case of one dozen quarts.
FERNANDES & Co., Chemists, &c., Bombay.

PILSENER BIER.
FRUSCHOPPEN.
SPECIEL FUR DAS AUSLAND GEBRAUT.
In cases of 3 dozen Quarts, or 6 dozen Pints.
Per dozen Quarts.....Rs. 5 4 Cash.
Do. Pints..... " 3 12 "
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	Per 1 doz. quarts.	Per 2 doz. pints.
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Goldlack, extra	Rs. 43 0	—
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From G. M. PABSTMANN, SOHN, MAYENCE.		
Laubenheimer	Rs. 15 0	Rs. 18 0
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Geisenheimer	" 17 0	" —
Leibfraumilch	" 21 0	" 24 0
Steinwein	" 21 0	" —
Hochheimer Berg	" 23 0	" 28 0
Rudesheimer	" 29 0	" 28 0
Marcobrunner	" 28 0	" 31 0
Queen Victoria Berg	" 34 0	" —
From OTTO PRUMM, MAYENCE		
Brauneberger	Rs. 15 0	Rs. —
Liebfraumilch	" —	" 21 0
Bernecastele-Rosenberg	" 18 0	" 21 0
Josefhofer	" 28 0	" 31 0
Oberemmeler-Rosenberg	" 28 0	" 31 0
Steinberger	" 28 0	" 31 0
Scharzhofberger	" 34 0	" 37 0
Johannisberger	" 36 0	" 38 0
FRENCH WHITE WINES.		
From A. DUPUILLE, MACAU MEDOC.		
Sauterne	Rs. 18 0	—
PORTWINES.		
From J. W. BOMESTEEN, OPORTO.		
Good old red Port	Rs. 19 0	—
Fine "	" 22 0	—
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Most particular reserve old red Port	" 38 0	—
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From A. HERMANN AND Co., PARIS.	Per 1 doz. Qts.	
St. Julien Claret	Rs. 9 0	—
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Medoc	" 10 8	—
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St. Julien Medoc	" 14 0	—
Les Canons	" 16 0	" 18 0
Chateau Grand Lebrun	" 18 0	—
Chateau Leoville	" 19 0	—
Chateau Li Roc St. Estephe	" 21 0	—
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From MUNZER & SPANN.	Qts.	Pts.
St. Estephe	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 14 0
Haut Canon	" 15 0	" 17 0
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Listrac Medoc	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 23 0
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Hungarian Claret	Rs. 17 0	—
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From FRANZ SCARVASY.		
arlovitz	" 12 0	—
BRANDY	Per 1 doz.	
Gold labels, Gold capsules	Rs. 26 0	
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Cognac, Fine Chamaagne { M. &, } Red Bars { Saann }	" 24 0	
From A. DOIGNON FILS AND Co.		
Cognac, Gold labels, blue capeules	" 29 0	
Charles Lervoire very old Brandy***	" 34 0	
BURGUNDY.		
From A. DUPUILLE, MACAU MEDOC.		
Volnay	Rs. 21 0	
Chambertin	" 26 0	
WHISKEY.	Per 1 doz. qts.	
Ben Cruachan's Blend of Finest old Scotch Whiskey	Rs. 20 0	
Thistle Blend Whisky	" 24 0	
BEER.	Per doz. qts.	Per 2 doz. pts.
St. Pauli Beer	Rs. 6 4	" 0 4
Mainzer Export Beer	" 5 8	" —
Hamburger Export Beer	" 5 4	" —
Pilsener Beer	" 5 12	" 3 12
Flower & Son's Ale	" 4 12	" 3 0
Romford Light Bitter Beer in Champagne bottles	" 5 12	" —
SUNDRIES.		
Maraschino a case of 25 Pints	Rs. 25 0	" —
Vin Marasque " 24 Bottles	" 40 0	" —

	Per doz. quarts.	per 2 doz. pints.
Finest Kummuel	Rs. 28 0	Rs. —
Do. Vermouth Superior	" 19 0	" —
Do. do Finest	" 20 0	" —
Swiss condensed milk in bottles	" 4 0	" —
Do. do do tins	" 5 0	" —
Do. Cheese in tins from lbs.	19-29	Rs. 0 12
PRESERVED MEATS, SAUSAGES, VEGETABLES, &c.		Rs. a.
Danish Butter, finest	per ½ lb. tin	0 10
Danish Butter	per 1 lb. tin	1 4
Hams, Danish, finest smoked	per lb.	0 11
From L. GRADLER and HARTWIG GATHA.	Large tin.	small
Truffel Leberwurst (Truffled Liver Sausages)	Rs. 1 8	Rs. —
Mettwurst (cooked meat Sausages)	" 1 6	" —
Asparagus	" 2 8	" —
Red Pickled Cabbage Sauerkraut	" 1 4	" 0 —
Cellery	" 0 14	" —
White Cabbage in Butter	" 0 15	" 0 10
Cervelatwurst (Brain Sausages)	" 1 6	" —
White Pickled Cabbage in Wine	" 1 4	" —
Red do. do.	" 1 2	" —
From BUSH, BARNEWITZ & Co., WOLFENBUTTEL.	Per Large Tin	Per Small Tin
Asparagus	Rs. 2 8	Rs 1 8
Cellery	—	" 0 12
French Bean	—	" 0 9
Young Cut Beans	—	" 0 9
Smoked Sausages	—	" 1 8
Small Sausages	—	" 1 6
Red Pickled Cabbage in Wine	—	" 1 0
Pease for Soup	—	" 1 12

TERMS.
Net cash, no discount.
No order for less than a case of wines (provisions excepted) &c., will be executed.
Outstation orders should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.
Interest charged at the rate of Nine per cent. per annum on all accounts after three months.
VOLKART BROTHERS,
Rampart-row.
Bombay 15th Dec. 1885.

SUPPLIES FROM ENGLAND.
The descriptions of Goods are supplied at Co-operative Store prices for Cash by
HENRY S. KING & CO.
65, CORNHILL, LONDON
whose new illustrated
CASH PRICE LIST
will be sent post free on application or may be obtained from KING, KING & Co., Bombay, or KING, HAMILTON & Co., Calcutta.

INSURANCES.

FIRE AND LIFE.
LIVERPOOL and LONDON and GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1836.

Income for 1884	£1,508,707
General Reserve and Fire Re-Insurance Funds	1,500,000
Life and Annuity Funds	£3,650,650
Total Invested Funds	6,911,400

The attention of intending Insurers is particularly directed to the enormous resources of this Company.
FIRE RISKS undertaken on Mills, Merchandise, Bungalows, and nearly every description of property in the Bombay Presidency.
RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.,
Agents.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL—£2,000,000 STERLING.
TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS, invested in the best and safest Securities, now amount to
£5,348,407, 9s. 2d. STERLING
FIRE BRANCH.
POLICIES covering risks on MERCHANDISE, BUILDINGS SPINNING MILLS, COTTON AND JUTE PRESSES, SHOPS BUNGALOWS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HOTELS, AND CLUBS, both in BOMBAY and in the MOFUSSIL, granted on most favourable terms. COALS on the BUNDERS and KEROSINE OIL also covered.

Fire Premiums for 1882	£300,690
" 1885	£388,156

LIFE BRANCH.
LARGE REDUCTION IN RATES.
POLICIES granted by the UNDERSIGNED without reference to Head Office on APPROVED lives. MILITARY LIVES in CIVIL employ have extra premium returned.
ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES, payable at fixed periods on adults, and children on very favourable terms.
LAST REVERSIONARY BONUS 7½ per cent.
REDUCTION TO EUROPEAN rates, when assured leaves either Alexandria or Port Said.
Accumulated LIFE FUNDS now amount to £3,058,767
GROWTH OF FUNDS.

1863	£1,579,578 3 9	1878	£4,049,158 14 1
1878	£2,645,503 1 2	1885	£5,348,407 9 2

THOS. H. MOORE & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.
6, Hummum-street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

	Exclusive Reserve Fund.
The LONDON and LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Rs. 10 000,000
The TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE Co. (and re-insurances) CAPITAL	" 9,000,000
The BATAVIA FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 8,000,000
The SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 8,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY "INSLUIDE," CAPITAL	" 2,000,000
The NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, CAPITAL	" 3,750,000

MARINE INSURANCE.

The SAMARANG MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	Rs. 2,000,000
The BATAVIA MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	" 3,000,000

THE FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE in the above Companies apply to the UNDERSIGNED, who can offer ALL FACILITIES and MOST FAVOURABLE TERMS ALL CLAIMS PROMPTLY SET

CALENDAR—MAY, 1886.

PHASE OF THE MOON.

New Moon ..... June 2nd, 6h. 46·6m. p.m.
First Quarter ..... „ 9th, 0h. 18·0m. p.m.
Full Moon ..... „ 16th, 6h. 30·2m. p.m.
Last Quarter ..... „ 24th, 9h. 26·3m. p.m.

Days.	Engagements, &c.	Sun Rise.	Sun Set.	High Water.	Low Water.
				H. M.	H. M.
Sat. 29	Akbar Manufacturing Co., Carnac Bridge, 3 p.m.	5 24	6 30	8 32m 8 13 a	1 57m 2 4 a
Sun. 30	Rogation Sunday.	5 24	6 31	9 22m 9 7 a	2 37m 2 51 a
Mon. 31	Mineseingers' Smoking Concert, Gym. khana Pavilion, 9-30 p.m.	5 24	6 31	10 5m 9 47 a	3 16m 3 41 a
June.					
Tu. 1	Barker & Co., 3 p.m. English mail expected per s.s. Cathay." Departure of English mail per s.s. Ancona, 4 p.m.	5 24	6 31	10 45m 10 31 a	3 55m 4 27 a
Wed. 2	Town Council, 3 p.m. Bombay Electrical Co., Kalbadevi Street, Moody Bay, 3 p.m.	5 24	6 32	11 26m 11 14 a	4 34m 5 12 a
Thr. 3	Kaser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Tamarind Lane, 3-30 p.m.	5 23	6 32	0 8 a 11 56 a	5 14m 5 56 a
Fri. 4	.....	5 23	6 33	—— 0 51 a	5 55m 6 42 a

* Left Aden at 10 a.m., on Wednesday, 26th inst.

CRAWFORD MARKET PRICE CURRENT.

Maximum Rates.

	Rs.	a.	p.
DAILY PRICES—BEEF—			
Prime pieces, 1st sort, per lb	0	2	6
Do. 2nd sort, per lb	0	2	0
Brisket and Round, 1st sort, per lb.	0	1	9
Do. do. 2nd sort, per lb.	0	1	3
Beefsteak (under part), per lb	0	4	6
Do. (round), per lb	0	1	6
Meat for soup, per lb.	0	1	3
Skirts, large, each	0	5	0
Do. small, each	0	3	6
Tongues, fresh, each	0	4	6
Do. salt, each	0	7	6
Suet, 1st sort, each	0	4	0
Do. 2nd sort, each	0	3	6
Liver, each	0	4	0
Heart, each	0	1	0
Kidneys, each	0	1	0
Marrow Bones, each	0	1	0
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, for salting, per lb	0	1	9
Do. do. 2nd sort, do.	0	1	6
Oxtail, each	0	2	3
Sirloin, per lb.	0	3	0
Fore Ribs, each	0	3	0
Beef salt, English, per lb	0	6	0
MUTTON—	1ST SORT.		2ND SORT.
Saddle, per lb Rs.	0 4 0	0 2	6
Leg, Loin, Shoulder, and Neck, per lb.	0 3 6	0 3	6
Liver and Heart, 1st sort, each	0 2 6	0 2	6
Do. do. 2nd sort, each	0 3 0	0 2	9
Breast, large, each	0 2 6	0 2	6
Do. small, each	0 3 0	0 2	6
Head, each	0 3 0	0 2	6
Kidneys, each	0 1 0	0 1	9
Suet, per lb	0 3 0	0 3	0
KID (SMALL).—			
Hind Quarter, 1st sort, per piece	1 2	0	
Fore do. do. per piece	0 12	0	
Hind Quarter, 2nd sort, per piece	0 10	0	
Fore do. do. per piece	0 8	0	
Head, Feet, Liver and Heart, per piece	0 6	0	
LAMB (LARGE).—			
Hind Quarter, 1st sort, per piece	1 8	0	
Fore do. do. per piece	1 2	0	
Hind do. 2nd sort, per piece	0 15	0	
Fore do. do. per piece	0 10	0	
Head, Feet, Liver and Heart, per piece	0 6	0	
PORK (FRESH AND SALT).—			
Pigs, (Roaster), each	3 8	0	
Do. Head, per lb	0 2	0	
Sausages, per lb	0 4	6	
Bacon, per lb	0 4	6	
Pigs' Feet, salt or fresh, per set	0 6	0	
Do. Lard, per lb	0 8	0	
Pork, Fresh, per lb	0 4	0	
Do. Salt, country, per lb.	0 4	6	
Do. do. English, per lb	0 12	0	
POULTRY.—			
Geese, each	3 8	0	
Turkey Cocks (very large), each	5 0	0	
Do. Hens, each	3 0	0	
Ducks, large, each	0 13	0	
Do. middling, each	0 11	0	
Do. Bombay, large, each	0 11	0	
Do. do. middling, each	0 9	0	
Chickens, large, each	0 6	0	
Do. small, each	0 4	0	
Eggs, each	0 0	5	
Guinea Fowls, each	2 0	0	
Partridges, each	0 4	0	
Pigeons, per pair	0 12	0	
Do. young, per pair	0 9	0	
Rabbits, each	1 4	0	
Doves, per pair	0 8	0	
Quails, per dozen	0 12	0	
Teel, per pair	0 4	0	
MILK AND BUTTER.—			
Cow's Milk, per seer measure	0 2	6	
Buffalo's Milk, per seer measure	0 2	0	
Do. Butter, per cup, 2 ozs.	0 1	6	
Jagree, per maund	2 0	0	
Butter, English, per tin	1 0	0	
Cheese Do. per tin	0 12	0	
BREAD.—			
Loaves, 1st sort, 13 oz., each	0 1	9	
Do. 2nd sort, 13 oz., each	0 1	6	
Do. brown, each	0 2	0	
Flour, Wheat, per seer	0 1	3	
Do. do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 1	0	
Rolong, 1st, per seer	0 1	3	
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 1	3	
Biscuits, Poona, per lb	0 5	0	
Do. Bombay, per lb	0 2	6	
Do. Poona, Mixed, per lb	0 4	0	
Flour, Rice, 1st sort, per lb.	0 0	8	
Bajri Do. per lb	0 0	7	
FIREWOOD.—			
Coal, Europe, per ton	17 0	0	
Charcoal, country, per maund	0 10	0	
Babool, per candy	6 0	0	
Do. per maund	0 3	6	
Kurrachee Babool, per candy	6 0	0	
Do. do. per maund	0 3	6	
Aine, per candy	6 0	0	
Do. per maund	0 3	6	
Mixed, of different sorts, per candy	5 0	0	
Do. do. do. per maund	0 3	0	
Kurmell, per candy	4 8	0	
Do. per maund	0 2	9	
Khaire, per candy	6 0	0	
Do. per maund	0 3	6	
OIL.—			
Cocoanut, 1st sort, per maund	4 0	0	
Do. 2nd sort, per maund	3 12	0	
Sweet Oil, 1st sort, per maund	4 0	0	
Do. 2nd sort, per maund	3 8	0	
Linseed Oil, country, per maund	4 4	0	
Castor Oil, per maund	3 8	0	
GHEE.—			
Ghee, Surat, 1st sort, per seer	0 5	3	
Do. Ghautee, 1st sort, per seer	0 4	6	
Do. Jaffrabad, per seer	0 6	0	
SUGAR.—			
Coffee, 1st sort, per seer	0 5	0	
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 4	6	
Sugarcandy, 1st sort, per seer	0 2	6	
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 2	3	
Sugar, soft, 1st sort, per seer	0 1	6	
Do. do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 1	6	
Do. do. brown, per seer	0 1	3	
Do. Mauritius, per seer	0 1	6	
Tea, Hill, per lb	0 12	0	
Do. 1st sort, per lb.	0 12	0	
Do. 2nd sort, per lb	0 8	0	
Sago, per seer	0 1	3	
GRAIN.—			
Wheat, 1st sort, per phurra	4 8	0	
Do. 2nd sort, per phurra	3 10	0	
Do. 3rd sort, per phurra	3 0	0	
Gram, Jambooseer, per phurra	3 6	0	
Do. Ghoghary, per phurra	2 8	0	
Do. Ghautee, per phurra	2 12	0	
Do. Dall, per phurra	3 12	0	
Coolty (Horse Gram), per phurra	2 12	0	
Coroed, Ghoghary, per phurra	3 8	0	
Do. Dall, per phurra	5 0	0	
Mutt, Ghautee, per phurra	2 12	0	
Do. Cutch, per phurra	3 0	0	
Bajree, Ghautee, per phurra	2 12	0	
Do. Bhownuggur, per phurra	3 6	0	
Rice, Jersaul, 1st sort, per phurra	6 4	0	
Do. 2nd sort, per phurra	5 8	0	
Do. common, per phurra	4 2	0	
Do. Bengal, 1st sort, per phurra	5 8	0	
Do. do. 2nd sort, per phurra	4 6	0	
Paddy, or Rice in husk, 1st sort, per phurra	2 0	0	
Do. do. 2nd sort, per phurra	1 12	0	
Barley (new), per phurra	2 0	0	
Do. (old), per phurra	1 12	0	
Oats, per phurra	6 0	0	
Jowaree or Cholum or Jonaloo, per phurra	2 6	0	
Linseed, per phurra	6 0	0	
Maize, per phurra	2 12	0	
Moang, per phurra	2 14	0	
Do. Dall, per phurra	4 6	0	
Mussoor, per phurra	2 14	0	
Do. Dall, per phurra	3 4	0	
Nachnie or Raggy, per phurra	2 4	0	
Peas, per phurra	3 8	0	
Toor, per phurra	3 6	0	
Do. Dall, 1st sort, per phurra	5 8	0	
Do. do. 2nd sort, per phurra	4 4	0	
Wal Beans, of sorts, per phurra	2 12	0	
Wurree or Veragoo, per phurra	3 4	0	
Do. Kong, per phurra	2 8	0	
VEGETABLES.—			
Potatoes, Mahableshwur, large, per maund	2 8	0	
Do. do. do. per seer	0 1	0	
Do. do. small, per maund.	2 0	0	
Do. do. do. per seer	0 0	9	
Do. Poona or Surat, large, per maund	0 14	0	
Do. do. do. per seer	0 0	5	
Do. do. small, per maund.	0 10	0	
Do. do. do. per seer	0 0	3	
Yams, white, per seer	0 0	8	
Do. red, per seer	0 0	6	
Onions, per seer	0 0	2	
Cabbages, large, each	0 5	0	
Do. small, each	0 3	0	
Carrots, per seer	0 0	6	
Cellery, large, each	0 1	6	
Lettuces, each	0 0	6	
Beet, large, each	0 1	6	
Do. small, each	0 0	9	
Radishes, white, per dozen	0 2	0	
Tomatoes, per seer	0 2	0	
Green Peas, per seer	0 3	0	
French Beans, per seer	0 2	0	
Knol Khol, per dozen	0 12	0	
Brinjals, Nagpoor, per seer	0 0	3	
Do. Bombay, per dozen	0 8	0	
Pumpkins, large, each	0 10	0	
Do. small, each	0 8	0	
Cucumbers, per dozen	0 6	0	
Beans, double, per seer	0 2	0	
Parsley, per small bunch	0 0	6	
Water Cresses, per small bunch	0 0	3	
Cocoanuts, whole, per 100	4 4	0	
Do. shelled, per maund	3 0	0	
Betelnut, per maund	6 0	0	
Do. leaf, per 100	0 2	0	
Sweet Potatoes, per seer	0 0	6	
FRUITS.—			
Pineapple, large, each	0 4	0	
Do. small, each	0 2	0	
Pomeloes, large, each	2 0	0	
Do. small, each	0 8	0	
Guavas, large, per dozen	0 12	0	
Do. small, per dozen	0 2	0	
Orange, large, per dozen	1 10	0	
Do. small, per dozen	0 8	0	
Melons, water, large, each	0 12	0	
Do. do. small, each	0 5	0	
Do. musk, large, each	0 4	0	
Do. do. small, each	0 2	6	
Plantains, large, red, per dozen	0 6	0	
Do. small, red, per dozen	0 4	0	
Do. large, yellow, per dozen	0 3	0	
Do. small, yellow, per dozen	0 2	0	
Limes, sour, per dozen	0 3	0	
Pomegranate, Bombay, per dozen	0 12	0	
Mangoes, Afose, per dozen	5 0	0	
Do. Payree, per dozen	2 0	0	
Do. Common, per dozen	1 0	0	
Figs, Bombay, per dozen	1 0	0	
Do. Poona, per dozen	0 4	0	
Flowers, mixed, per bunch	0 1	6	
Chekoos, per dozen	0 12	0	
Peaches, per dozen	0 10	0	
Custard Apples, per seer	1 0	0	
FRESH FISH.—			
Pomfret, white, large, per pair	1 4	0	
Do. do. medium, per pair	0 10	0	
Do. do. small, per pair	0 6	0	
Surmaye, small, each	2 8	0	
Do. small, each	0 6	0	
Bouie, large, per dozen	12 0	0	
Ghoall, large, each	4 0	0	
Prawns, small, per dozen	0 2	0	
Jiptee, large, each	0 7	0	
Oysters, in shell, per dozen	0 2	6	
Do. opened, per dozen	0 2	0	
Crabs, each	0 0	6	
DRY FISH.—			
Surmaye, large, each	0 14	0	
Do. small, each	0 6	0	
Palah, large, each	0 2	0	
Do. small, each	0 1	6	
Dhomee, large, each	0 0	9	
Do. small, each	0 0	6	
Wagtee, large, per dozen	0 1	0	
Do. small, per dozen	0 0	6	
Bumlows, per dozen	0 0	6	
Donugry fish, each	0 1	3	
PICKLES, COUNTRY.—			
Mango, per seer	0 1	0	
Lime, per seer	0 1	0	
Mixed, per seer	0 0	9	
Papads, large, per seer	0 1	3	
Do. small, per seer	0 1	0	
Salt, 1st sort, per seer	0 0	9	
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 7	0	
Do. pounded, per seer	0 1	3	
Vinegar, table, country, per bottle	0 6	0	
Do. common, country, per bottle.	0 2	0	
Mowra spirit, per bottle	0 12	0	

Rates for Bread and Flour are as follows :—

	As,	Pies.
Plain White Loaves, about 15 oz.	1	6 each
Do. Half do. „ 7½ „	0	9 „
White Twist and Rolls „ 13 „	2	0 „
Plain Brown Loaves, „ 15 „	1	3 „
Servants' Brown do. „ 14 „	1	0 „
Superfine Flour, per lb.	2 Annas ;	Bran, per maund 12 Annas at the Mill.

N.B.—Fruit, Fish, and Vegetables are generally sold according to the quantity in the Market and the choice of them. Native Vegetables—always a good supply and of great variety.

The Butchers generally sell Meat as the servants like to take it, either by the piece or by weight.

Flour and Rolong are sold in the Bakeries at the price laid down in the Price Current, but by the people in the Markets as follows :—

Flour, per Seer, 1st sort	Rs. 0	1 0
Rolong „ „	„ 0	1 0
Flour „ 2nd sort	„ 0	1 3
Rolong „ „	„ 0	1 3

This Flour and Rolong is what is generally purchased by servants, and is of good quality.

It must be understood that the Market prices vary according to the time of day.

THE Diamond Dyes are the best dyes ever made DRESSES, COATS, SCARF, HOODS, YARN, STOCKINGS, CARPET, RUGS, RIBBONS, FEATHERS, or any fabric or fancy article easily and perfectly coloured to any shade, BLACK, BROWN, GREEN, BLUE, SCARLET, CARDINAL, RED, NAVY BLUE, SEAL BROWN, OLIVE, GREEN, TERRA-COTTA, and 20 other best colors. Warranted fast and durable. Each packet will color one to four lbs. of goods. If you have never used dyes, try these once. You will be delighted. Sold by chemists and druggists. Large size 6d, small size 3d. Proprietors WELLS & RICHARDSON Co., 58, Shoe Lane, Charterhouse Street, London, E C, England.

GOLD, SILVER, COPPER, OR BRONZE PAINT, for gilding all kinds of ornamental work. Of all chemists, large size 6d., small size 3d. Proprietors WELLS & RICHARDSON Co, 58 Shoe Lane, Charterhouse Street, London, E C, England. Wholesale agents—Treacher and Co., Ld., Bombay, Byculla, and Poona. The trade and native dealers supplied at Wholesale Prices.

ON THE USE OF TAR.

HITHERTO Tar has been administered in various forms, but drawbacks have existed, the principal being a repugnant flavour, and the great difficulty in accurately proportioning doses. Mr. E. GUYOT, a chemist, has rendered signal service by producing concetrated solution of tar called "GUYOT'S TAR-SOLUTION," which renders the use of this justly valued medicament extremely simple. GUYOT'S TAR SOLUTION is undubitably the best remedy for cold, bronchitis, and consumption. When using it internally for colds, throat affections, and diseases of the skin and bladder, put a table-spoonful to a tumbler of water as a dose. Applied externally, GUYOT'S TAR SOLUTION is used, as a wash, in cases of skin and scalp diseases, Prickly-Heat, and for Eczema. *Note* :—Habitual use of GUYOT'S TAR SOLUTION as a beverage is invaluable to consumptive persons, and to all who are weak and exhausted by fever heat, and disease. In warm countries it is an excellent fortifying drink, especially recommended for its preservative power in cases of fever. Agents in Bombay : Messrs. Kemp & Co., Treacher & Co., Thomas & Taylor, Cooper, Madan & Co.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Band, B. B. & C. I. Rs., Parel Mechanics' Institute, 5 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 27th :—Ancona (s), from Shanghai. Yesterday :—Teutonia (s), from London.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Avondale (s), for Antwerp ; Euphrates (s), Coast and Kurrachee ; and Teviotdale, Dunkirk.

THE WYER LAWN-TENNIS CUP.—The final tie in the third heat for the Wyer Lawn-Tennis Cup was played with the following result :—Avron beat Ingle (6-1, 4-6, 6-5). At 5-30 Milward beat Avron (6-2 6-4), two sets to love, and won the cup,

ACCIDENT AT THE PRINCE'S DOCK.—Ramjee Bawajee, a labourer at the Prince's Dock, got his left leg fractured by a case of goods falling out of a sling upon him on Thursday. He was removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital.

FIRE.—On Thursday night, at about 9 o'clock, the wooden covering of the steam cylinder in the Hindustan Mills was found to be on fire. The fire was speedily put out by the workmen of the mill. The damages were nominal.

POCK-POCKETS ABOUT.—Syed Mahomedsha Abdoolasha, living at Jackria Street, reported to the police that his pocket was picked of a purse containing gold rings and sundry other articles, of the collective value of Rs. 125, while he was standing in a crowd at Jackria Street on Thursday last.

FOUND DEAD.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the morgue, Cammattaepoora, on the body of a newborn female child, which was found washed ashore from the sea opposite the north end of the Woodehouse Railway Overbridge, on Thursday evening last. The body was in an advanced stage of decomposition. An open verdict was recorded.

ARYA SUDHARMODAYA SABHA.—The tenth lecture of the season in connection with the Sabha will be delivered by Pundia Gopaljee Narbheram in Madhav Bag to-morrow, at 5-30 p. m. Subject—Miracles of holy places, and benefits of pilgrimage, followed by the recital of some of the verses of the lecturer's composition. Hindoo gentlemen are requested to attend.

MUSIC AT PAREL.—The band of the B. B. and C. I. R. Volunteers will play the following programme of music at the Mechanics' Institute, Parel, at 5 p. m. :—

March	Quick Step	Rock.
Quadrille	The Wedding	Strauss.
Overture	Tancredi	Rossini.
Valse	Copenhagen	Gung'l.
Selection	La Jolie Parfumeuse	Offenbach.
Gwendoline	Gavotte	Neilson.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

FRAUDULENT POSSESSION OF PROPERTY.—Mahomed Ally and Sulliman Waid Ally, two Mahomedan lads, were yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of having in their possession two pairs of spectacles, a knife and a small wooden box, the property of Elba Doola, reasonably suspected to have been stolen or fraudulently obtained. Failing to render a satisfactory account how they came possessed of the same, they were each sentenced to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

AN ADEPT THIEF.—Inspector Butterfield charged Kasiba Succaram before Mr. Ryan yesterday, on three charges of theft of jewellery. The accused, it appeared, used to prowl about the native town at night and steal ornaments from the natives who slept on the verandahs of houses. He succeeded in unfastening two gold ear-rings which adorned the ears of a fisherman, while he was asleep, but when pledging them, was arrested by a sepoy. Pleading guilty, accused was sentenced to six months' hard labor.

FATAL FALL OUT OF A WINDOW.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at Nacoda Street, on the body of Hajee Cassim Noor Mahomed, aged 35 years. Deceased was a coal-broker. On Thursday, about midnight, he returned from a wedding and went to bed, which was standing close by a window on the 3rd story of his house, and at about 2 o'clock he rolled out of bed through the window and fell on to the street below, fracturing his skull. He died on the way to the hospital. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

A FATAL DOSE OF OPIUM.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, on the body of a Hindoo, name unknown. Deceased was apparently a Concani Mahratta, about 30 years of age. On Thursday forenoon he was found lying in an unconscious state at the head of the Cruickshank Road, and was removed to the hospital, where he died seven hours after admission. The medical evidence went to show that the cause of death was due to an overdose of opium. A verdict that the death of deceased was caused by opium, which he voluntarily administered to himself, was recorded.

REPORTED THEFTS.—Girdhur Meghjee, living in Dongree Street, reported to the police that on Thursday night his warehouse was entered and two boxes containing his account books stolen. The boxes with their contents were subsequently found lying at Chinch Bunder Road.—Jankee, a woman living at Old Memon Wada Road, reported that on Wednesday night her room was entered and a box containing gold ornaments, currency notes and cash, of the collective value of Rs. 226, were stolen. The box was subsequently found outside her house forced open, with the contents missing.—Khuteeja, a woman living at Junjeekur Street, reported the theft of gold bangles of the value of Rs. 650 from her room on Thursday morning. The ornaments were lying on a bed. A Borah visited the complainant, and shortly after he had left the ornaments were missed. The Borah was subsequently arrested, but no trace of the stolen property could be obtained.—Chungra Baja, a woman living at Tookaram Pada, Parel, reported to the police on Thursday the theft of silver ornaments and cash of the collective value of Rs. 235 from her house.

A PERSIAN DECORATION.—Mr. A. Malcolm, of Persia, has been, we understand, presented with a decoration from the Shah, and has been honoured with the rank of "Sarhang" (Colonel). The decoration was, at the special desire of the King, pinned on to Mr. Malcolm's coat with the usual ceremonies, personally by H. R. H. the Prince Sel-e-Sooltan, now Governor-General of Ispahan, an honour very seldom paid. Mr. Malcolm is cousin to Prince Malcolm Khan, Persian Minister to the Court of St. James. Mr. Malcolm is of French extraction, being descended from Lieutenant Roget DeLisle of the French artillery, who was the composer of the famous "Marsellaise" hymn during the French Revolution. It is on record in Venice that one of the surviving Armenian Princes fled to China, during the persecution of the Christians in Armenia, and thence went to Paris, where he married one of the daughters of Roget DeLisle, and afterwards translated himself and settled down in Persia. He, however, returned to Paris on business, where he died, his family having remained in Persia. Mr. Malcolm is already possessor of the Persian decoration, "The Lion and Sun."

A STONE THROWING GHOST.

AT the Fort Police Court yesterday, Inspector Jones charged Dewchund Dysung, a Bania, before Mr. Ryan, with stealing five bales of goods, valued at Rs. 1,000, the property of five merchants. It appears that the property was kept in the Mooljee Jetha market, in Marwaree bazaar, in the shops of different owners, who are piece-goods merchants. The prisoner was employed by one of them as a shopman, and had, as such, free access to the markets and shops at night. Acting on the superstitions of the men who were placed at the shops at night, the accused hit on the ingenious plan of frightening the men away and then stealing their property. At midnight he used to throw stones at the shops and about the place, and hide himself. The shopmen unable to account for the stones thought there were evil spirits about, and becoming alarmed, took to their heels, leaving the shops to look after themselves. Seizing the opportunity thus afforded, the accused used to steal each night a bale of goods and cart it away to a shop he had opened in Pydhownee. In this way he continued to practice on the fears of his fellow-shopmen for about five nights, and had filled his shop with a fair stock of goods. The merchants, however, missing goods in the morning, and learning from their servants that ghosts had frightened them away, and taking a common sense view of affairs, reported the matter to Mr. Jones. A watch was therefore set on the ghost, and the accused was arrested while rolling away a bale of goods from the market. He then pointed out his shop to the police, and the other bales he had stolen were recovered. The accused pleaded guilty to the three charges of theft which were framed, and was sentenced to six months' hard labour,

PHILLIPS' TARAXACUM and PODOPHYLLIN—A Tonic and gentle Laxative, removing and preventing sluggishness of the liver, so prevalent in tropical climates. Per bottle, Re. 1-8.—PHILLIPS and Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

THE COLLISION BETWEEN RIVAL STEAMERS.

THE Marine Court re-assembled yesterday to hear the witnesses called in defence of the captain of the Celerity.

Mr. Little, appeared for Government, and Mr. Nicholson for Mahomed bin Ashoor, the captain of the Celerity.

Mr. Nicholson said before going into the defence he would like to know whether the Court charged his client with doing a wrongful act in going into the creek when there was another steamer coming out of it. He asked what rule of navigation was he charged with breaking. He was not charged with misconduct or incompetency.

Mr. Cooper said Rule 23.

Mr. Nicholson : Then the charge is framed on the consideration that steamers which are two miles apart are in immediate danger.

Mr. Cooper said the charge was framed on the circumstance that the Celerity approaching the creek from the north saw the green light of the Shastri going out at the entrance, and knowingly, as I understand from the evidence, crosses before he starboards his helm and runs into her.

Mr. Nicholson : Will your Honor say upon what course the Celerity was going ?

The President : It is impossible to say the exact course. He gives two courses, one was he steered for the light, and another that he steered into the river.

Mr. Nicholson contended that the course the captain of the Celerity held and the one he always adhered to was S. by E. ½ E. Mr. Nicholson then explained by the chart the course his client had steered.

The President said he thought the evidence bore out Mr. Nicholson's contention, but he thought the captain had misjudged his distance from the land. Mr. Nicholson then argued that the captain was in no way guilty of any default in entering the creek in the way he had done, and that the collision could not have taken place where the Court believed it did.

Charles Ringhiem, cotton measurer to the Chamber or Commerce, said that he was formerly in command of Mr. Joomabhoy Laljee's steamer Oorun. He had been up the creek five or six times. The tide runs up at about six knots an hour. He would not stop outside if he saw a steamer coming out of the creek. He did not consider the courses steered by the Celerity were dangerous when a steamer was coming out, as if he got too close to the other steamer he had plenty of room to follow the rule of the road.

Charles Luis Piene, a captain in the Mercantile Service, had been up the Dabool Creek in 1873 in command of the Sir James Rivett Carnac. His opinion tallied with that of the last witness.

The enquiry was then adjourned till 2 o'clock this afternoon.

THE HINDUS AND THEIR FUNERAL PROCESSIONS.

YESTERDAY, at the meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, the question of permitting funeral processions in the Queen's Road on the way to the Hindu burning ground, was raised on a notice of motion given by Mr. Gokuldas Jugmohandas to the following effect :—"That the Municipal Commissioner be requested to inform the Corporation if he is aware of any authority under which funeral processions of any section of the Bombay community are prohibited from passing along the Queen's Road or any particular public road in the city."

The chairman (Mr. Sayani) before the motion was reached on the agenda paper, said he had consulted the Act, and although he considered Mr. Gokuldas had a technical right to bring it forward, he doubted whether it would be very advisable to press such a motion. To ask the Municipal Commissioner a question involing a legal opinion was very undesirable, and he would suggest to Mr. Gokuldas the desirability of dropping his notice of motion. The notice was besides defective and should be modified if it were pressed, so that the Municipal Commissioner should be asked if he was aware of any authority under the Municipal Act.

Mr. Gokuldas Jugmohandas said he should be very glad to follow the chairman's suggestion and withdraw the motion were it not for the fact that a great deal of inconvenience was caused to almost the whole of the natives in Bombay by the closing of one of the public roads controlled by the Municipality and maintained by the ratepayers against the religious processions of the several communities. They were all aware that the Queen's Road was a public thoroughfare, repaired at the expense of and immediately in the possession of, the Municipality. He was cognisant of the fact that a certain section of the Police Act authorised the Commissioner of Police to make certain rules for the regulation of the public traffic in the city, but he contended that this section did not give power to the Commissoner to close any road against processions which did not come within the category of unlawful assemblies. The funeral processions which used to pass by the Queen's Road to the burning ground were peaceful processions and were organised only for the purposes of the funerals. His inquiries besides, caused him to doubt whether the orders of the Commissioner of Police had ever received the sanction of the Government, which it was necessary to obtain under the Police Act. If this road could be shut against the natives, why could they not be excluded on similar grounds from other roads on the city ? It might be necessary to approach Government on the subject.

The Municipal Commissioner submitted that whether Mr. Gokuldas was right or wrong, and whether his remarks were valuable or otherwise, the question really was, Did they support the motion on the paper ? His last words had been that under certain contingencies it might be desirable to make representations to Government. This he (Mr. Ollivant) could understand ; and if his facts were correct they might give good reason for such an appeal, and for contesting the action of the police in a proper legal fashion, but he could not conceive why they should be reasons for putting conundrums to the Municipal Commissioner. (Laughter.) That was the form of the motion before the Corporation. The Commissioner wished Mr. Gokuldas to understand that he was not criticising his remarks or canvassing his arguments, except in support of this form of motion which the chairman in a very beneficent spirit said was technically in order but radically inadvisable. He should differ from the chairman in thinking it even technically in order, and he would ask Mr. Gokuldas whether it was desirable to press the motion and to consider whether it had the smallest chance of being carried on the arguments he had advanced in its support.

Mr. Gokuldas replied that if the Municipal Commissioner was willing to assist in the inquiry, he was prepared to put the resolution in another form and to ask the Commissioner to ascertain whether there was any authority by which such processions could be prohibited.

Whilst a discussion between Mr. Gokuldas and the Commissioner was proceeding, Captain Selby pointed out that there was not a quorum present, and the proceedings terminated.

MR. MOYLAN'S CHARGES.

MR. MOYLAN has written to the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner acknowledging the receipt of a copy of the Magistrate's finding in the inquiry held into the circumstances attending Nga Hmay's death Mr. Moylan says :—

"You seem to regard this finding conclusive, but I beg to say that such is not my view of the matter. In reality the inquiry was a sham when held while Moung Myat Tha, the head constable who had shot the man, continued in office, and was allowed to threaten and terrorise over those who were to give evidence. This system of terrorism, which has existed for months, was being carried on to a great extent. The mother of the deceased, who called on me, told me that it was impossible to get those who were acquainted with the facts of her son's death to testify to them, owing to the terror inspired by the past and present oppression of Moung Myat Tha. Under such circumstances, the inquiry held some four miles from the sentence of the death was a mere farce, and it is impossible to expect people to come forward and offer evidence.

"Mr. Scott in his report alleges that the deceased was shot while attempting to escape from custody. I may say that this is directly at variance with the statement made to me personally by the head constable when I called on him and questioned him before he knew that an inquiry was to be held into his conduct. The men then and there described minutely the circumstances attending Nga Hmay's death, not suggesting anything about the deceased attempting to escape.

"In Mr. Scott's report there is a reference to myself which contains both false suggestions and a *suppressio veri*, as it conveys the impression that I sent in the deposition of a man who had no existence, and whom I was unable to produce when called upon to do so. Mahomed Maideen made his deposition in my presence, and I expressly informed Mr. Scott that I declined to give him any assistance to find Maideen until I was satisfied that he would be protected if he gave evidence.

"In a previous case, I brought to the notice of the Chief Commissioner the fact that men had been tortured because they had not paid their taxes ; and I have since ascertained that those who gave me this information were subsequently brutally ill-used. I therefore resolved not to again expose any Burman to similar treatment by asking them to give evidence, except when I was assured they would be protected.

"All these facts in reference to myself are suppressed in Mr. Scott's report ; and if the manner in which he conducted the inquiry be judged by his action in reference to me the value of his report is not very great. In my case he has mistaken and misrepresented facts. Mr. Scott refers, at some length to the fact that the companion of the deceased was sentenced to penal servitude for life. I presume that this is one of the cases which Mr. Adamson recently tried secretly in his own house while the public were excluded—an American clergyman who with others endeavoured to be present at those trials being driven away by Mr. Adamson. The fact that two men were sentenced to death, and some scores to lenthened terms of imprisonment and transportation under such circumstances, is, I conceive, a discredit to the administration of justice ; and I believe that an organised system exists amongst officials who are entrusted with power by the Local Government at Mandalay to shelter their subordinates, defeat all complaints and prevent any Burmans obtaining redress. The most disgraceful oppression is practised by the Burmese police at present and the people of Mandalay appear to me to be dealt with by the local authorities rather as if they were a herd of wild beas

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 28.

THE Bank of England return shows an advance from 37 to 38 per cent. in the proportion of the Reserve to Liabilities, but rates of discount in London come unchanged at 1⅞ per cent. on both 3 and 6 months' bills. Consols are still quoted at 101⅞ : in fact, the only change reported in Reuter's usual financial message is an advance of ¼d. per oz. in Bar Silver to 45½d. No importance, however, has been attached to this here, nor do they seem at all affected by it in London, the price of rupee paper remaining the same as when Silver was at 45d.

In the Mincing Lane Marketa Reuter quotes an advance of 6d. per quarter in Linseed, both Calcutta and Bombay. Poppy Seed is 6d. per quarter lower.

Cotton in Liverpool yesterday closed firm on the spot, the sales reaching 12,000 bales, of which 600 were Surats, and the price of ready Mid-Uplands being advanced 1-16d. To arrive, however, the tone was easier, and in most positions quotations were 1-32d. lower. From New York also futures are quoted 4 points lower, while spots are unchanged.

The market here to-day has continued quiet in the extreme, and to all appearance export buying seems pretty well at an end for the season, unless the monsoon keeps off and sellers come down in their prices. Of the latter, however, there seems no very great probability at the moment save perhaps in such Cotton as Westerns for future delivery. Of the better classes of Dholleras and Bhownuggers supplies are by no means heavy, and the mills have still to buy a considerable quantity. Receipts are :—

Growth.	Cwts.	Equal F. P. Bales.
Dhollera	14,326	4,090
Broach	748	214
Sengals	6,299	1,800
Berar	2,678	765
Khandeish	2,235	639
Barsee and Nuggur	2,578	737
Western and Madras	1,611	460
Compta and Dharwar.	1,836	524
Sind	3,350	957
Total Day's Receipts..	35,543	10,155
Total Receipts for 4 days, 24th to 27th. ...	195,876	55,963
Total Receipts since 1st Jan. 1886.....	3,969,478	1,134,135
Do. 1885	2,798,215	799,490

In WHEAT and SEEDS there is no change to report, the extent of business doing being exceedingly light. The receipts of produce yesterday were as follows :—

By	Wheat.	Linseed.	Rapeseed.	Gingellyseed	Poppy Seed.	Groundnuts.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Sea	..	..	43	225	.....	.....
B.B. & C.I.Ry ...26,167		1,720	8,441	..	250	..
G.I.P.Ry 76,977		17,592	13	2,352	...	213
Total ... 103,144		19,312	8,497	2,577	250	213
Total fo 4 days 421,433		128,720	34,423	8,248	4,384	1,683
Total for 1886 since 1st Jan.	5,742,860	2,609,715	713,733	744,843	59,960	297,761
Do. 1885 ...	4,969,767	3,709,280	834,850	981,370	.....	.....

FREIGHTS are steady and a moderate business is passing. The s. s. "Cassius" is reported fixed for U. K. or Continent at 20s 6d. with option of Mediterranean at 30s. payable here, the s. s. "Sir Garnet Wolseley" has been taken up for June loading on the same terms, and the s. s. "Dragoman" has booked a part cargo for Genoa and Naples at 31s-3d., payable here for May-June loading. The following are current berth rates :—

	Cotton.	Wheat.
Liverpool ..... Ready	29s.	17s. 6d.
London ..... ,,	22s. 3d.	
Open Charter ..... ,,	29s. 6d. to 21s. 3d.	
Havre ..... ,,	22s. 9d.	
Dunkirk ..... ,,	21s. 3d.	
Antwerp ..... ,,	22s. 6d. to 23s. 9d.	
Genoa ..... ,,	31s. 3d.	
Trieste-Venice ..... ,,	32s. 6d. at 33s. 9d. to 2s.	

EXCHANGE has been exceedingly quiet to-day, and the amount of paper placed has been insignificant. After the considerable amount of Bank Bills bought yesterday there has not been quite so keen an enquiry for remittance, but on the other hand the banks are less willing sellers owing to the difficulty they experience in getting cover. For ready bills we only reduce our quotations 1-32d., but forward the position displays decided, weakness, the quotation for Bank demand July delivery being, for instance, ¼d. below to-day's rate, while private paper for delivery in the first half of June could be placed at 1-16d. and for the second half probably at ⅛d. under the figure for next mail. This, in face of a recovery of ¼d. per oz. in Bar Silver, speaks for itself and promises badly for Government and their Council drawings later on when the present slight pressure for ready funds is over. We quote :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 5 7-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 5 13-32d.	,,
Do. Three months' sight	1s. 5¼d.	,,
Credits ,, ,,	1s. 5¼d.	,,
Francs ,, ,,	1s. 8½d.	,,

GOVERNMENT PAPER is steady with a moderate business doing. Fours we quote at Rs. 97 9-16 for large amounts, but small clean pieces command ¼ most. Fours-and-a-half remain at Rs. 101.

SHARES continue as quiet as ever. For mills there is, perhaps, a slightly better feeling, but there is not more doing. Bombay Burmah Trading Co.'s shares continue to improve, and are now at Rs. 3,125 for first issue.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	2½ p.ct.	710
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	840
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	580
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	1	6 do.	130
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation	60,000	$125	all	17½ do.	262
National Bank of India	37,320	250		5 pct.	120

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	1,808	1,000	1,000	..	1,375
Albert Edward Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500	..	445
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	9,340	100	100	..	114
Alfred Manuf'g. Co.	1,000	500	500	...	325
AllianceCotton & Silk Manufg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,000	1,000	..	740
Bellary S. & W. Co., Ld.	871	500	all	Rs. 22½	560
Bhownuggur Mills	9,000	100	100	...	2
Bo. Cotton Mf'g Co., Ld.	600	500	500	..	485
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	1,010
Berar Mf'g. Co., Ld.	2,750	200	200	..	175
Central India S. & W. Company	3,000	500	500	Rs. 25	650d
Colaba Land & Mill Co.	4,000	700	700	Rs. 12½	695
Connaught Mills	840	500	500	..	680
Coorla Mills	1,300	1,000	1,000	...	675
City of Bombay Shares	595	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	995
Dharmsey S. & W. Co	3,000	2,000	2,000	..	50
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	1,110
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,500	500	500	Rs. 25	735
Framji Petit Mfg. Co.	1,350	1,000	1,000	..	680
Gordon Mills	2,000	500	500	..	190
Hindustan Mills	1,032	1,000	1,000	..	940
Hingunghat Mill Co.	1,200	1,000	1,000	..	700
HydrabadSpinningCo	700	1,000	500	Rs. 37½	955
Imp. Ootcan Mills Co.	400	500	1,000	Rs. 46	450
Indian Manf'g Co. Ld.	568	1,000	500	Rs. 45	1,215
James Greaves Mills.	100	500	1,000	Rs. 30	605
Jaffer Ali Spin. Co.	1,340	500	500	,,14-5-7	401
Jewraj Bhalloo	1,300	1,000	500	Rs. 25	1,155
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	...	1,025
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	932½
Leopold S., Bleaching & Mfg. Co. Ld.	3,500	1,000	100	Rs. 5	159
Madras United	500	900	1,000	Rs. 125	2,650xd
Mahalukshmi	650	1,000	1,000	...	755
Mancokjee Petit's	4,650	1,000	1,000	...	1,237½
Maratan Spinning Co	5,000	250	250	..	185
Morarjee Goculdas	1,150	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,465xd
National Spinning	600	1,000	1,000	..	575
NalgamCotton Cleaning Co., Ld.	1,000	1,000	100	...	95
Narayan Cotton Mills	600	1,000	1,000	...	700
New Great Eastern	1,500	1,000	1,000	..	935
Oriental	6,725	625	625	..	580
People of India S. & W. Company	..	250	250	..	207½
Prince of Wales Spinning Company.	1,000	500	500	..	95
Queen Spinning	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	970
Ripon	641	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	915
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	1,000	...	1,500
Shalapore Mills	678	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	1,380
Soonderdas	930	1,000	1,000	..	770
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Rs. 12½	415
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co. Ld.	1,219	250	250	...	290
Victoria Mills	800	1,000	1,000	...	575
Western India S. & M. Company					815
Laxmidas Khimji S. W. Co.	1,200	1,000	1,000	...	810
	770	1,000	1,000	..	810

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. pref. cent. Stock	..	$100	..	..	6114
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent.	..	£100	..	..	6154

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	..	1,000
Akola Press Co.	85	500	500	Rs. 50	200
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	500	Rs. 45	420
Albert Press Co., Karrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 175	1,080
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	245
Bellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500 xd
Broul's Cawnpore P. Co., Ld	500	200	200	Rs. 16	160
Bombay Cotton Press.	1,000	125	125	..	200
Colaba Press Co.	500	1,880	1,880	Rs. 600	660
Dhollera P. & G. Co.	500	300	300	12	150
East India Press Co.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,320
Fort Press Co.	150	8,500	8,500	Rs. 150	2,175
French Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 45	610
Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld.	450	500	500	Rs. 25	400
Khamgaum Cotton Press Co.	240	500	450	Rs. 40	390
Mannar Manfg. Co	1,000	250	250	Rs. 10	225
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	..	100
Mofussil Co.	3,125	400	400	...	432½
New Berar Cott n Ginning & Press Co.	1,250	500	500	..	550
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125	..	122½
Prince of W. Press	500	500	100	Rs. 30	510
Sabapathy Press Co., Ld., (Bellary.)	500	500	500	Rs. 75	450
Sind Press Co.	400	2,000	750	Rs. 75	6
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,200
Sassoon Press Co.	300	500	500	25	515
Volkart Press Co	450	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	700

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown & Co. Ld.	1,000	200	200	10 p.c.	190
	750	200	150		145
Badham, Pile & Co. Ld.	3,000	100	100	Rs. 18	158
Bapty Co., Ld.	2,625	200	165	Rs. 20	177
Barton & Co., Ld.	1,000	90	100	10 2-3p.c	30
Do. New issue	500		37½	10 2-3p.c	30
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.		500	100	6 p.c.	110
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	500	500	500	15 p.ct.	680
Bombay Saw Mills	600	1,000	1,000	..	200
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,250	100	100	7 p.c.	125
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,500	225	3,125
Do. (3rd Issue)	2,000	62	375	45	785
Bombay Fire Insurance Co.	600	1,000	1,000	25	950
Bombay Municipal Bonds	..	..	..	6 p.ct.	102
Cash Bazaar	1,500	100	100	..	22
Cooper, Madon & Co., Ld	3,000	100	100	9½	115
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	Re. 11	15
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	25	2	..	10
Kurrachee Ice Co., Ld.	500	500	300	...	...
Kurrachee Lighterage Company, Ld.	500	500	200	Rs. 32	245
Kemp & Co. Ld.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 20½	328
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	80	...	86
Mechanics Building Co	4,000	50	22	¾	40
Napier Hotel Co.	300	100	100	9 p.ct	100
Napier Foundry and M'fg. Co.	1,500	100	100	..	100
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company					
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	200	50	5 & 7½	100
Pearse and Co., Ld.	5,000	20	20	...	22
Port Canning Co.	1,000	100	100	8 p. s.	88
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	6,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 16	320
Phillips & Co., Ld.	250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,700
Royal Flour Mills Co., Ld.	4,000	100	60	Rs. 18	72
Soundy & Co., Ld.	2,500	100	50	..	49
Telephone Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	..	70
Treacher & Co., Ld.	12,200	25	25	Rs. 1	11½
Tracker & Co., Ld.	2,000	500	500	Rs. 110	1,165
Western India Flour Mills	1,400	100	100	Rs. 1	175
M.M. Mody & Co	1,000	125	100	12 p.ct	125
	2,000	200	200	15	215xd

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A. M. TO 6 P. M.
Extracts teeth under Nitrous Oxide Gas.
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

SURGEON-BONE SETTER,
FAKIRJI RATANJI, L. M. & S.
TREATS cases of accidents and injuries scientifically as well as according to the approved native system.
No. 71, Abdool Rahman Street.
(Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Street.)

REMENYI CONCERTS.
To Messrs. SOUNDY & CO., Ld., Bombay.
GENTLEMEN,—Allow me to thank you for the pleasure I have received while using your SCHIEDMAYER'S GRAND PIANO at our Concerts, in this city. It is certainly the best Piano, to my knowledge, in India, and I could wish for no better.
For quality of tone, brilliancy, singing quality, power and even action, it is equal to the Great American Pianofortes.
I shall look forward to again playing upon one of your excellent Pianos.
Yours, &c.,
ISIDORE LUCKSTONE.
Bombay, March 18, 1886.

SCHIEDMAYER'S PIANOS.
CALCUTTA EXHIBITION
GOLD MEDAL AND FIRST-CLASS CERTIFICATE
THE HIGHEST AWARD FOR
SYMPATHETIC SQUARE PIANOS,
SOUNDY & CO., LD., BOMBAY,
Sole Agents in India for the
SCHIEDMAYER PIANOFORTE FABRIK
STUTTGART,
(J. & P. SCHIEDMAYER).
THE only maker of that name, whose instruments obtained ONE GOLD and TWO SILVER MEDALS with first-class Certificates, proving the superiority of their Pianos over all others exhibited.
We would caution intending purchasers, not to confound the name with that of SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE, whose Pianos we do not import. Our Pianos by SCHIEDMAYER, of STUTTGART, have iron frames cast in one piece, are the HANDSOMEST PIANOS made, have TWO PEDALS and AMERICAN DAMPERS. Price with Zinc-lined case, Rs. 850, or with one Pedal Rs. 800.
See our illustrated price-list free by post.
SOUNDY & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

OUR EYES.—Thousands of persons in the mofussil are wearing spectacles quite unsuited to their sight because they cannot consult a first-class oculist-optician. By means of my new sight test (price 2 annas) they can obtain spectacles accurately suited to their requirements without any increase of expense.
N. LAZARUS,
OCULIST-OPTICIAN BY APPOINTMENT TO AND UNDER THE IMMEDIATE PATRONAGE OF H. E. LORD DUFFERIN, VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.
No. 4, MANGOE LANE, CALCUTTA.
No. 28, MEDOWS-STREET, BOMBAY.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES.
MESSRS. MARCKS and COMPANY, Ld., in re-organising the optician department of their business desire to bring into still greater prominence these universally popular, though highly priced, spectacles which their long experience enables them to recommend with confidence as being really what the name implies the most perfect spectacles that can be worn—Only the purest and hardest Brazilian pebble is used, and being cut on Dr. MENIST'S approved principle, parallel to the plane of the natural cleavage of the crystal, the lenses are entirely free from prismatic refraction while in the frames. Of the very best materials and the most perfect finish. Special modifications in form have been made, to meet the various defects of vision they are designed to correct, suggested by, and resulting from, his wide practical experience of the subject; and the extra cost will be found to be more than fully compensated by the satisfaction and benefit which will be derived from their use.
First Class Certificate and Silver Medal, the Highes Award for excellence.
Calcutta Exhibition 1883-84.
In taking over the above agency the Company have made arrangements in virtue of which they are now able to offer
MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES in steel frames at slightly reduced rates.
MARCKS & CO., Limited,
Opposite University Clock Tower,
BOMBAY.

JOHN ROBERTS & CO.,
PRACTICAL BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS.
HAVE received from the Crown Derby Co. a Splendid Assortment of real Porcelain ware, consisting of Dinner, Dessert, and Breakfast Sets, Vases, &c., &c.
THE GOODS ARE NOW ON VIEW
At 15, Marine-street.

MESSRS. LAWRENCE & MAYO
OPTICIANS,
WILL REMOVE
ON THE
29TH INSTANT
TO THEIR NEW OFFICE,
Opposite the University Clock Tower.

NOW READY.
BURMA,
AFTER THE CONQUEST,
VIEWED IN ITS POLITICAL, SOCIAL, AND COMMERCIAL ASPECTS,
FROM
MANDALAY.
BY
GRATTAN GEARY,
FELLOW OF THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY, AUTHOR OF "THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY," AND EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
"Having written this brief volume on 'Burma, After the Conquest,' the idea occurs to me that the chief excuse for the book is to be found in the circumstance that it fulfils, by accident, or fate, though not of set purpose, the office which the Provost Marshal's camera accomplished in placing on record the effect of the bullets on the dacoits executed at Mandalay. It brings into a focus the hopes and fears, the actions and the passions, in play during the interregnum in Burma, between the deposition of King Theebaw and the advent of Lord Dufferin, to pronounce the decree fixing the future of the country."—*Author's Preface.*
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BOMBAY: THACKER & CO., LIMITED, and at the "*BOMBAY GAZETTE*" Offices.
Rs. 4. Postage annas 4 extra.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PDESIDENCY.

BIRTH.

DANE—May 19, at "Hawthorn Dell," Murree, the wife of Louis W Dane, B C S, of a son.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1886.

MR. GLADSTONE has won over many of his refractory followers, including, we suspect, Mr. Chamberlain. The Irish members are, after all, to be admitted into the House of Commons, as everybody who could take an independent view of the matter contended that they must be. There may be difficulties in the way of defining what are the Imperial questions in the discussion and voting upon which alone they are to be allowed to take part. But the difficulties of admitting them and of defining the conditions under which they shall be admitted must be smaller than the difficulties of excluding them and of giving an intelligent excuse for excluding them would have been. At any rate the concessions which have been made appear to have smoothed the way to the passage of the Bill through the second reading stage, which is, after all, the chief thing to which Mr. Gladstone has to look for the present. An early prorogation and an autumn session are tactical devices which will probably outwit the Opposition. The feeling against the Bill, even if there were no other causes for its being weakened, could not be kept alive until October, and the chances of the interval will tell much more in Mr. Gladstone's favour than against him. The country will be weary of the pleadings of the Opposition long before the final decision has been taken on the Bill in the autumn, and it is now more than likely that Mr. Gladstone will be able, by politic concessions, to narrow the issue to one between the Government and an opposition limited to the comparatively small faction of Liberals who are prepared to vote against the principle of Home Rule in whatever form it may be proposed to be applied. Mr. Chamberlain's letter, moreover, is highly significant. When he talks about mutual concessions and forbearance as means for recruiting the party we can see that party unity is once more likely to be treated as an object of supreme importance amongst Liberals. He has too good reasons for preferring not to wreck his party, and now that Mr. Gladstone has yielded on one of the points to which Mr. Chamberlain has given prominence, there is less reason than ever for counting Mr. Chamberlain amongst those who will oppose the second reading of the Home Rule Bill. And as the issue of the division on the second reading depends much more upon the attitude of Mr. Chamberlain than on the attitude of Lord Hartington and the Whigs, this letter of his is a fact of no small importance—the most important, in truth, of any that has lately come to light. Mr. Gladstone's tactics have been exceedingly astute, and we are inclined to believe that they will succeed. We expect, without indulging in prophesy, that he will get a majority for the second reading of the Bill, and that when it is reintroduced in the autumn it will have a reception very different from that which was given to the present Bill.

MR. GRANT DUFF'S speech at the Birthday banquet gives no encouragement to what a local journal calls "the vague yet widely-spread impression" that he means to throw up the Governorship of Madras before the end of his term of office. Not though the times seem out of joint, and he was born to set them right, does he give any indication of a desire to go home before his time and teach people how an Empire may be saved from falling into ruin. Mr. Grant Duff is as conscious as the rest of us that his premature resignation of the Satrapy of Madras—it is his own word, and the savour of autocracy in it evidently pleases him—would have small influence upon the fortunes of the Bill for the better government of Ireland. It may be a very dreadful Bill, carrying with it red ruin and the breaking up of all our laws. But what can a poor provincial Governor do for the salvation of the Empire by throwing up his Satrapy in protest against those who would hurry it towards the abyss? A sacrifice in Madras would not appease the gods who rule in English caucuses, and who—so much the worse for them—have not during the last five years kept alive the recollection that Mr. Grant Duff is a man who can teach statesmanship to statesmen, and put the world right on every point on which it would be possible for it to go wrong. Mr. Grant Duff, though always an interesting feature, was never a power in English politics. Elgin cherished him, and Elgin was sometimes commended for its fidelity to a politician who could instruct it on the political concerns of the entire universe. But for the Admirable Crichtons of politics there is now the smallest place in the political life of England. There have been changes at home since Mr. Grant Duff came out, and one result has been that the clever politician who made politics a study rather than a game, and who aimed at teaching rather than cajoling their constituents, have lost ground. Those Elgin speeches of his, to which many a young Liberal in search of knowledge and enlightenment went in the old days are now on the shelf, with Archdeacon's charges, pamphlets on the currency, and letters on Church reform to keep them company. The resignation of their author, as a protest against Mr. Gladstone's plottings against the Empire, would be as effective for the purpose as the singing of "Rule Britannia" on the Ooty hill sides. Besides Mr. Grant Duff is as alive to the proprieties as to the utilities of the business. Indian Governors are sent out for a very definite purpose, and that purpose does not include even the preservation of the integrity of the Empire, save that part of it over which they are asked to rule, and it would no more be the duty of a Governor of Madras to resign because he did not approve of what was being done in Ireland than it would be the duty of a Viceroy of Ireland to resign because he did not approve of what was being done in India. This would lead to many inconveniences, and to the serious inconvenience, amongst others, of an inquiry being made as to who Mr. Grant Duff is, where Madras is, and what he has been doing there?

"What he has been doing there?" Well he knows best. For the "wild gales, perilous currents, black mists, and provoking calms" of the political voyager in England, he has exchanged "the rather monotonous rolling plain, with a constant succession of little ups and little downs" of gubernatorial life in Southern India. That is his own estimate of the advantage that he has gained, and why should we quarrel with it? Rather let as admire the philosophy—Mark Tapleyan is it not?—which permits him to see nothing but "little ups and little downs" in the rougher incidents of his gubernatorial career. A man's troubles, after all, are such as he sees and feels them to be. Sorrow itself is but a subjective thing, existing, as the metaphysicians would say, not in things in themselves, but in the modes in which they present themselves to human consciousness. And if Mr. Grant Duff regards his magnificent failure to win the confidence of the people over whom and with whom he exercised rule and governance, his happy knack of doing the wrong thing in the wrong way, and of bringing into the record little scandals and large grievances, blunders on the part of his subordinates and follies on the part of the Governor in Council—if he regards all these as "little ups and little downs" let us first envy him his happy temperament, and then think about the accuracy or otherwise of the estimate which he has formed of his own success as a Governor. The incidents of the year in Madras which present themselves to the cheerful view of its Governor are not those which present themselves to everyone who tries to recall the recent history of the neighbour Presidency. He does not remember the tokens of his increasing unpopularity. He does not remember an ugly reversal by His Excellency the Viceroy in Council of a high-handed act of His Excellency the Governor in Council. He does not remember that the *morale* of his administration has suffered by allegations brought against men high in the service of the State by others almost equally high, or that districts in the Madras Presidency ring with protests against revenue oppressions and the high-handed dealings of those whom he delights to honour. Why should he remember all this? Has he not entered on the record a visit from the French Governor General of the Indies—the square half mile called Karakal and the square half league called Chandernagore included—a visit from the Satrap of the West, and a visit from the Viceroy? There is a kingly placidity in this—kingly, because it makes us think of a most Catholic Sovereign of Spain, who when absent from his dominions at a time of crisis, sent home to his Regent and Council the startling message *Il fait grand vent, et j'ai tué six loups.*" "I have had little ups and little downs," Mr. Grant Duff seems to have said, "and a Governor and two Governors-General have been to see me."

This optimism, his neighbours may say, is just a little out of place—just a little discreditable to his political perception. Yet he can see gloomy things if he looks for them, provided always they are beyond the limits of the Madras Presidency. No resignations of high-minded Governors could mend a political situation at home in which political demoralization and bad weather have been the prevailing elements. Things were as bad as bad could be a year ago; in the interval they have grown worse, and there has been an atrociously cold winter. Mr. Grant Duff's home correspondents, with one exception, proclaim the calamities of the time, and are hopeless as to the issue. The exception is that of a lady philosopher who, trusting somewhat after the manner of the story tellers in the final triumph of right, makes much of the fact that for fifty years past the polity of England has been shaped in accordance with the principles of righteousness. From all this we gather that whenever Mr. Grant Duff resumes his place in English political life he will have to reject, if he is to be of any service to his country, the politics of despair into which he has of late suffered himself to drift. If that is the wish with which he proposes to ally himself, he will enjoy none of the delights of singularity. Political pessimism is in fashion just now, and the pessimists are likely to gain many recruits, amongst whom it may not be easy for Mr. Grant Duff to shine. But an attempt just now to determine the precise place that the Governor of Madras will fill in the political world at home is somewhat premature. He has yet six months to devote to the benefit of the Madras Presidency—a time which may not be wanting in opportunities for persuading the people of the Madras Presidency that they have been much better off during the past five years than they have ever been willing to admit. But they have not done him justice in all things, and we fear that they will see a new cause of complaint in his determination not to act up to latest rumour about him.

THE count out which put an end to the discussion in the Corporation yesterday on the prohibition of funeral processions on the Queen's Road was perhaps least of all to be regretted by the member who brought the subject forward. The question was raised in the wrong place and in the wrong way. The control of the street traffic is in the hands the Commissioner of Police, and no practical result would have come of the discussion even if it had not been brought to so summary an ending. There are very good reasons in policy and equity why the present arrangement had better be left undisturbed. The Queen's Road is not the only avenue of access to the Sonapur burning ground; if it were it would never have become the most frequented drive in the City. The road has a special character of which it would be deprived if the wise prohibition in question were removed. We cannot for a moment admit that the element of religious feeling enters into the question—unless indeed it is obtruded in it by controversalists who are bent above all things upon disturbing a reasonable settlement. There are sentimental considerations, it is true, and considerations of convenience, but it so happens that nearly all of them are to be urged from the side of those who approve of the existing arrangement, and would resent any disturbance of it. No one objects to the exoteric religious elements in any funeral ceremony, but such exoteric elements as the procession of uncovered bodies, or of sitting bodies, as amongst the Kamatees, with the loud and discordant musical accompaniments of most Hindu funerals, hinder the use of a public drive, and unnecessarily deprive it of its convenience and enjoyment. The Queen's Road is unique amongst the thoroughfares of Bombay, and the public of more than one community would very stoutly and we believe successfully resist any attempt to detract from its special character. To put the matter plainly we may tell those who contemplate asking for the removal of the prohibition that the inevitable result of such removal would be to at once raise the question whether Sonapur is the most suitable place for a burning ground. That question, as they know, has been hinted at more than once; it rests with them to say whether or not it shall be raised formally, and in a way which would discourage refusal. The only way in which they can bring the subject forward without forcing forward this other and less convenient question is to associate it with a project for providing on the Kennedy Sea Face an acceptable equivalent for the present Queen's Road. But so long as this road is the only thoroughfare between the Fort and Malabar Hill it must be retained for its proper use—that of a place of convenience and enjoyment.

THOUGHTS ON THE PRESENT DISCONTENTS.

I DELIGHT in the unconscious humour of the Native Press. There was joy in Babudom the other day when Lord Reay purged the Secretariat. After eulogizing Sir W. Wedderburn, the pillar and prop of true polity viewed from the patent leather standpoint, my nature was stirred to its depths by reading that Mr. Mackenzie and Mr. DeCourcy Atkins had been imported into the Secretariat because "both these gentlemen, we believe, are true friends of the native cause." How pleased Mr. Mackenzie must be to be appreciated at last! Bracketed as an apostle of a noble gospel with Mr. DeCourcy Atkins, there is nothing wanting to his apotheosis but the well-nigh inevitable C.I.E.

* * * * *

I myself dearly love the genuine native, but I hope I may escape the damnation of such faint praise.

* * * * *

To be a C.I.E. is much : to be an epigraphist is more : yet even this fortunate and auspicious combination suffers a temporary eclipse in poor Fleet.

* * * * *

When this fortuitous and unique distinction fell upon the illustrious Sanskritist of the Bombay Civil Service, my thoughts became almost too large for words. I contemplated an ode, but exhausted myself in a couplet which I inscribed on a post-card—

"Oh, Faithful Fleet, now wander where you list,
So you epigraphize, Epigraphist!"

* * * * *

I trust he did epigraphize righteously, wisely and not too well. But the abolition of an epigraphist shakes my faith in the stable order of things. They ought at least to give him a monument or two to amuse his collectorial leisure.

* * * * *

The Grecian bugbear is like the genie of the bottle : it is spreading amazingly, and is remarkably intangible. Hardly had I settled down comfortably in the belief that a bloody war was being put in motion, when I was staggered at receiving through that arch jester Reuter intelligence that the initial hostilities were due to a misunderstanding, and that everyone was apologetic and peaceful.

* * * * *

I suppose fights are often due to slight misunderstandings; but after one belligerent has been knocked out of time, it is not usual to expect him to accept such a simple excuse in full satisfaction.

* * * * *

In matters of high policy, finance and the like, however, a very little excuse goes a long way. The greatest apologist develops naturally into the greatest diplomatist.

* * * * *

These Greeks are too emotional. They hardly settle the mutual misunderstanding before they are at it again. And this, too, without so much as offering an explanation of their outrageous conduct. I feel that they are not treating expectant politicians well. They import a dash of family brigandage as it were into affairs of continental importance. After fighting and making it up and fighting again, it appears that the Greek and Turkish commanders dined together. If the banquet is on a liberal scale, there will be more fighting, I suppose, next day.

* * * * *

The brain reels in contemplating the ebullient exploits of these romantic brigands. Poets are wrought up to fever pitch, and the production of truly infamous verse. The Grand Old Man takes increased doses of Homer—fantastically associating the Athens of to-day with the noble Athens of the past. Even Chamberlain is believed to have muttered "Tondapomerbomenos," but couldn't get any further, his education having been neglected. Themistocles' robe has fallen on Tricoupis.

* * * * *

Poor Tricoupis! A Greek prime minister is a thing to be pitied. The president of a local board could scarcely be in worse case.

* * * * *

A man whom I once believed to be highly intelligent wrote to me to ask whether Wilfrid Blunt's view of the English attitude towards natives was approximately correct. Such, alas! is the colossal ignorance of all classes at home on subjects Indian that even Mr. Blunt is occasionally taken seriously.

* * * * *

You might tell the British public that the native loathes England's just rule; that the shriek of the semi-peptonized Babu was the one note to which the masses of our Indian subjects thrilled responsive; that the mission

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

MR. GLADSTONE'S CONCESSIONS.

LONDON, MAY 27.

At the meeting of the Liberal party which was held to-day, the Premier announced that the Government had decided to make important modifications in the Home Rule Bill regarding the retention of Irish members in the Imperial Parliament, and that if the Bill passes the second reading the Committee of the House on it will be adjourned until the Autumn Session.

Mr. Chamberlain was not present at the meeting.

MAY 28.

With respect to the modifications in the Home Rule Bill, the Premier in the Commons last night proposed that Irish members be admitted to the Imperial Parliament during the discussions on Imperial questions.

Parliament will be prorogued in July, and an amended Home Rule Bill will be reintroduced in October.

It is believed that the concession made by Mr. Gladstone secures the second reading of his Bill in the Commons.

Mr. Chamberlain has written a leter in which he hopes that mutual concessions and forbearance will reunite the Party.

THE GREEK BLOCKADE.

The Great Powers are considering the question of raising the blockade of the Greek ports.

FRENCH PRINCES IN FRANCE.

PARIS, MAY 27.

At a Cabinet Council held yesterday, a Bill was prepared authorising the Minister of the Interior to expel French Princes from France under severe penalties and imprisonment in case of non-compliance.

LATER.

The Ministerial Bill authorising the expulsion of French Princes from France has been introduced into the Chamber of Deputies to-day. Urgency has been voted for the Bill.

THE OAKS.

LONDON, MAY 28.

The following is the result of the race for the Oaks run this day :—

Miss Jummy	1
Argonavis	2
Braw Lass	3

OFFICIAL APPOINTMENTS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 28.

Major Ellis is appointed Assistant Adjutant-General, *vice* Lieut.-Col. Cook.

Major St. Aguew, Royal Scots, is appointed A.-D.-C. on the personal staff of Major-General White, Burma.

Furloughs :—Capt. L. Grey, Bengal S. C., 121 days ; Capt. Boston, R. E., one year's extension ; Lieut.-Col. Wiggins, four months ; Capt. Woolley, 14 days.

Surgeon-Major Monteith and Lieut.-Col. Cunliffe Marsh have retired.

Good service pensions have been granted to Col. Sir John Hudson and Surgeon-General B. Simpson.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, MAY 27.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Kangra arrived here from Bombay, Kurrachee, and Malabar Coast yesterday evening.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Lawada, bound for Bombay, Kurrachee, and Malabar Coast, left here yesterday evening.

SUEZ, MAY 28.

The s.s. Surat, with outward London mail of 21st May, left here for Bombay to-day at noon.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MAY 27.

The Liverpool Cotton Market to-day closed firm. Surats quiet.

G. F. Dhollera	3⅛d.

The Manchester Market has been firm.

4½ per cent. Rentes	109¼
3 „ Consols for account	101⅛
Bar Silver	45½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	102
4 „ Rupee Paper	70⅛
4½ „ „	73⅛

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—Total bullion (Issue and Banking Department) £19,700,000 ; decrease, £200,000 ; public deposits, £6,600,000 ; decrease, £700,000 ; other deposits, £22,600,000 ; increase, £500,000 ; other securities, £21,200,000 ; decrease, £200,000 ; notes and gold, £11,000,000 ; decrease, £100,000.

The Bank's Reserve is 38 per cent. of the Liabilities.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(MAY 28.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, interrupted. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, interrupted. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

Turkish route still interrupted between Bushire and Fao.

THE Minnesingers' Smoking Concert, which had been announced for Monday evening, has been unavoidably postponed.

A SALUTE of nine guns will be fired this morning from the saluting battery, to announce the arrival of the Thakore Sahib of Wudwan, at Grant Road Station, at 6-30 a.m.

COLONEL CLIFFORD succeeds Colonel Low as head of the Transport Department, but will not come out from Home to take up the appointment till the cold weather.

THERE is a growing belief in Upper Burma that more cavalry are needed to ensure the thorough dispersal of the dacoit bands, and reference will probably be shortly made to the Government of India on this point.

THE latest news from Tibet shows that recent rumours of intended obstruction to the progress of the Mission were probably untrustworthy. It is now said that the Chinese Ampa, or official representative, at Lhassa has sent a deputation to meet Mr. Macaulay at or near the frontier.

THE Allahabad paper strongly advocates the claims of General Chesney to the appointment of military member of Council in succession to the late General Hughes. "Now," says the *Pioneer*, "looking all the possible men for the post both in India and out of it, we see literally only one man who fulfils all the necessary conditions in an eminent degree —we mean General Chesney. Granted that he is not generally a *persona grata* in high places—granted even that he is not generally popular as an official—who is there, let us ask, with an opinion worth considering who will deny him the possession of altogether exceptional qualifications, or dispute his paramount claim to one of the two great prizes of the Indian service ?"

COLONEL BEN WILLIAMS, Director of Army Remount Operations in India, leaves Karachi on the 27th instant for Persia on the special duty to which we recently referred. He will be accompanied by Veterinary Surgeon Rayment, 6th Dragoon Guards, and four non-commissioned officers of the Native Cavalry. On arrival at Bushire Colonel Wiliams will try to purchase 500 horses at once, and will then proceed inland, visiting all the principal breeding stations and examining fully into the horse and mule trade. If good donkeys can be got he will buy them for purposes of mule-breeding in India. The object aimed at by the Government of India is to open up direct trading relations with breeders and owners, so as to avoid having recourse to middle-men, such as the buyers and shippers at Bushire and elsewhere.

THE late Maharaja of Manipur, whose death occurred on the 20th instant, had ruled the country since 1850, and during the whole of that period had shown a strong regard for British authority. The early history of Manipur is little more than a record of Burmese incursions and internal feuds. On the outbreak of the first Burmese War in 1824, the traditional enemies of the State invaded Kachar and Assam as well as Manipur ; and Gambhir Singh, of Manipur, asked for British aid, to meet the danger. A force of sepoys and artillery was sent towards Kachar, and a levy of Manipuries was formed under British officers, and the Burmese were driven out of the valley. On the conclusion of peace with the Burmese two years later, Manipur was declared independent, and until Gambhir Singh died in 1834, all went well. The old Rajah's son and heir, Chandra Kirti Singh, was only a year old at the time, and his uncle Nar Singh, was made Regent. Then followed a period of strife and intrigue, the end being that the dowager Rani had to fly to Kachar with her son, and Nar Singh assumed the Raj, which he retained till his death in 1850. His brother, Debendra Singh, was then recognised as Rajah, but he was never popular, and at the end of three months Chandra Kirti returned to Manipur, and had no difficulty in ousting the usurper. The young Rajah made it a rule to defer to the guidance of the British Political Agent, and his loyal attachment to the Government of India has been strikingly evinced again and again, especially during the Naga campaign, and only the other day, when Colonel Johnstone with a small force crossed the frontier to rescue the Trading Company's employés in the Chindwin Valley. For his valuable services during the Naga campaign, more paticularly for allowing almost the whole of his troops to take the field under Colonel Johnstone's command, the Rajah was made a K.C.S.I.

THE Adjutant-General, Madras Army, has telegraphed from Ootacamund, that the report regarding the death of Lieutenant Angelo, 23rd W. L. I, from cholera, is unfounded. "A telegram received from Mandalay, dated yesterday, says he is quite well."

OF the 89,940 non-commissioned officers and men serving at home on January 1st last, 66,632 were in origin English, 8,318 Scotch, 13,783 Irish, 1,045 were born in India or the Colonies, and 63 were oreigners. It is reported that 2,894 men in the Army at home can neither read nor write, 1,996 can read, but cannot write ; 1,395 can write, but cannot read ; 15,037 can only read and write.

A LARGE and influential meeting, composed of all classes of the community, European, Burmese, Chinese, and Indians, has been held at Bassein to consider the question of raising a memorial to the memory of the late Mr. St. Barbe. It was carried unanimously that a St. Barbe scholarship be established.

IT is reported, "on the best authority," from Pekin, that "the Russians have for some time been pushing forward into the Chinese side of the frontier to the east of the Long White Mountains."

THE total receipts of the Queen's Military Widow's Fund in India for the year 1885 amounted to Rs. 57,365, while the expenditure, including the purchase of Government Promissory Notes for Rs. 15,000, came to Rs. 37,816, leaving a balance in hand of Rs. 19,709. The awards to the families of five deceased officers came to Rs. 20,907.

IT is now authoritatively stated that a complete understanding has been arrived at between Li Hung Chang and M. Cogordan with reference to the proposed Treaty of Commerce between France and China. *L'Echo de Shanghai* also states that a Treaty relating to the Tonquin frontier was signed at Tientsin by the French and Chinese plenipotentiaries on the 25th ult.

IT is stated by a Japanese native paper that the British Consul at Seoul has informed the Corean Government that the British occupation of Port Hamilton cannot be suspended for some time to come.

THE Calcutta Volunteers were no more fortunate in regard to the Birthday Parade than their comrades in Bombay. A preliminary parade, called at very short notice for Thursday morning for the men to get their rifles from Head-quarters, was attended by only very few Volunteers. Then notice was given that rifles would be issued on Friday and Saturday ; but on Saturday afternoon it was found that so few rifles had been taken out that only a meagre attendance could be counted on, and it was decided to cancel the order for the parade. Unfortunately, notice of the cancellation did not reach all the men ; and some turned out in uniform, only to be disappointed. The Commandant did what he could in the matter, a Calcutta paper says, by sending a notice to the Sunday paper, and ordering post-cards to be sent to all the members. But every Volunteer does not see the Sunday paper, and for some reason or other the post-cards, posted on Saturday evening, were not delivered on Sunday.

MR. ERNEST TYE, Secretary to the Indian Tea Districts Association, in a letter to the *Standard*, points out that since 1864, when India sent home only 3,000,000 lbs., the demand had steadily increased, and until last year, India and Ceylon supplied the wants of the United Kingdom to the extent of 70,000,000 lbs., being 40 per cent. of the whole consumption.

DURING the month of March 463 emigrants, of whom 316 were males and 147 females, left Calcutta for Fiji.

IN the five years 1880-81 to 1884-85, the number of emigrants who left, and of those who returned to British India was as follows :—

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Left	51,733	20,908	9,456	82,127
Returned	17,915	6,484	5,010	29,409
Balance	33,818	14,424	4,446	52,718

So there was a net loss by emigration of 52,718 of the natives of India during the period, irrespective of emigration to Burmah and Ceylon. The chief emigration was from Calcutta, the departures having been as follows in the last year of the series :—

Destination.	1880-1.	1881-2.	1882-3.	1883-4.	1884-5.
Demerara	4,416	3,168	2,934	2,731	5,827
Grenada	...	..	...	..	177
Jamaica	513	..	398	..	601
Mauritius	238	...	924	2,534	2,016
Natal	980	1,260	878	1,923	1,282
Fiji	...	..	922	1,514	2,316
St. Lucia	321	..	..	..	964
Trinidad	3,312	2,591	..	2,661	2,191
Fr. West Indies	1,413	1,002	983	965	495
Dutch do.	965	496	451	1,480	1,679
Total	12,185	8,517	9,570	13,808	17,548

From Madras the emigrants go to Mauritius, Natal, and Demerara only, and the numbers in 1884-85 were 2,093, 2,266, and 477, respectively, making a total in the year of 4,836. From Karikal and Pondicherry the emigration is to the French Colonies of Guadeloupe, Martinique, and Reunion. In 1884-5 there was no emigration from those two ports, but in 1883-84, 1,032 left for Guadeloupe, and 471 for Martinique, making a total of 1,503. In the five years under notice 8,975 natives of India emigrated from Karikal and Pondicherry to French colonies, and 6,386 returned, so the balance of 2,589 may be said to represent the number who settled down, died, or deferred their return home. The emigrants who left Madras in the five years numbered 11,518, and 3,440 returned, leaving a balance of 8,078 still absent. So that in Madras, in the period under notice, seven emigrants returned for every twenty-three who left, whereas to the French India about two returned for every three who left.

WITH regard to the dispute and rumoured reconciliation of Mr. Chamberlain and Mr. Gladstone, a very interesting story is being commonly repeated in political circles just now, which well illustrates the tactics of the Old Parliamentary Hand just before the Liberal Government went out of office last year, at the time when they were supposed to be riding for a fall, during the discussions which took place in the Cabinet upon the proposed renewal of the Crimes Act. Mr. Chamberlain is said to have produced and laid before the Cabinet a scheme of his own for establishing National Councils in Ireland. This measure, when explained by its author, received the enthusiastic approval of Mr. Gladstone. When the Government broke up, Mr. Chamberlain remained under the impression that his plan of National Councils for Ireland had received the sanction of the leaders of the Liberal Party ; and it was this belief which led to his unofficially offering it for Mr. Parnell's acceptance in several of the speeches which he made in the country during the autumn—an offer which, it will be remembered, the hon'ble member for Cork contemptuously rejected. Mr. Gladstone, taking his cue from Mr. Parnell's refusal of the Chamberlain proposal, appears to have spent the recess in elaborating a measure which he believed would be more suitable for that gentleman's acceptance. Hence the Home Rule *ballon d'essai* which was sent up from Hawarden last December and promptly disavowed by its illustrious author. When the Cabinet met a few weeks ago, and Mr. Gladstone produced his Home Rule for Ireland Bill, Mr. Chamberlain was astonished to find that it had no resemblance to the National Councils plan which he himself had formulated six months previously, and of which Mr. Gladstone was understood to have approved ; but that, on the contrary, it was utterly opposed to the spirit of such a measure. Hence he quitted the Cabinet in disgust, feeling that he had been imposed upon if not outwitted.

A PROCLAMATION has been posted throughout Hongkong regarding the recent violation of territorial rights by Chinese braves, who seized a Chinese in this Colony and were about to carry him off when they were arrested by the police. The proclamation is satisfactory in so far as it explains what has been done by the Acting Governor towards obtaining satisfactory redress for the outrage, but unsatisfactory in that neither the Tsung-li Yamen nor the Governor-General of Fokien, who apologised, acknowledges or rather mentions that Hongkong is British territory, thus keeping up the old idea that Hongkong does not actually belong to Britain.

PARIS is said to be suffering from a vast number of bogus noblemen. In spite of the existence of the Republic, which makes the creation of nobles impossible, the French tradesman has by no means lost his faith in high-sounding titles. A smart brougham and a well-printed visiting-card are sufficient to procure a considerable amount of credit. Such deceptions are less easily practised in England. A peerage descends by well-ascertained rules, and the number of persons able to use titles is very limited. Peers, whether created by writ or by patent, have their names and titles recorded in lists which are accessible to everybody ; and it may be added that an English tradesman is perhaps not quite so ready to trust a customer with a high-sounding title to his name. Legally speaking, it is difficult to see why every Frenchman is not entitled to assume any number of titles he pleases. There is no Crown to be the fountain of honour, and no common-law such as that which prohibits British subjects from holding or using any title or decoration without the consent of the Sovereign.

SEVERAL of the Australian cricketers have made their unofficial *debût*. Evans, who batted for the first time in England, knocked up sixty runs—a good start. As far as can be gathered, the Colonials opinion of themselves is, that in bowling they are stronger than any team yet sent over, and that if their batting suffers from the absence of the five cracks, Murdoch, Massie, Horan, Bannerman, and Macdonnell, it will be found to have less tail than usual, and to be capable of good scoring all through.

DEPARTURE OF TROOPS FOR BURMAH.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Chupra sails to-day for Rangoon, with the following detachments of troops :—1 European officer and 9 non-commissioned rank and file of the 1st Bombay Infantry, 1 European officer, 1 native-officer, and 55 rank and file of the 5th Bombay Infantry, 8 men of the 7th Bombay Infantry, and 131 men of the 25th Bombay Infantry.

The following are the names of the officers :—Lieut. Montgomery, 1st B. I., Lieut. Milne, 5th B. I., and Assistant Apothecary J. H. Williamson.

THE WEATHER ALONG THE COAST.

(May 28, 1886.)

THE following information regarding the state of the weather at different ports round the coast and Kurrachee to Madras is compiled from the latest returns received by telegram at the Meteorological Office :—

STATIONS.	Barometer. At 10 a.m. reduced to 32° F. and Sea level.	Reading at 10 a.m. Thermo. in Shade.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Velocity at 10 a.m.	Rainfall.
	Ins.	Dgs.		Miles.	Ins.
Kurrachee	·577	91·0	SW	12	0·00
Surat	·683	92·0	SW	S	0·00
Bombay	·705	88·3	S	36	0·00
Rutnagherry	·730	85·9	SSE	20	0·05
Karwar	·771	85·0	SW	F	0·06
Mangalore	·820	84·9	SSW	4	0·83
Calicut	·845	80·7	Calm.	0	0·09
Cochin	·815	84·9	WSW	M	0·10
Masulipatam	·674	94·8	NN	10	0·08
Madras	·729	90·3	W	11	0·00
Negapatam	·776	90·8	W	2	0.03

The barometer has risen everywhere on the west coast of India, leaving the differences of barometric pressure, and therefore the winds but little changed. The strong southerly wind at Bombay continues.

DIVINE SERVICES.

FIFTH SUNDAY AFTER EASTER, ROGATION SUNDAY, MAY 30.

SAINT THOMAS'S CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion, Choral. Hymns 242, 257 & 193.
4-45 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Rev. A. Goldwyer Lewis. Hymns 271 and 270.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—Garrett in F.
Anthem—But the Lord is mindful of His own—Mendelssohn.
Daily.—Matins at 6-45 a.m., and Evensong at 5-15 p.m.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, COLABA.

7 a.m.—Matins and Sermon. Hymns 181, 161 and 220.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon. Hymns 308, 301 and 31.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, SONAPORE.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion. Hymns 142, 143 and 323.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Hymns 142, 354 and 468.
The offertories for Church expenses and poor relief.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer & Sermon. Hymns 202 & 140.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Hymns 341, 260 and 270.

Wednesday, June 2.

6 p.m.—Prayer Meeting.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6-30 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7-30 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Choral) and Sermon.
10 a.m.—Matins.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Alms for Church expenses.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, KAMATIPURA.

4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Service. Hymns 236, 143 and 147. Ascension Day.
6 p.m.—Evening Service. Hymns 147, 300 and 301.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

9 a.m.—Mechanics' Institution, B. B. & C. I. Ry., Parel.
6 p.m.—St. Andrew's Church, Fort.
Hymns 5, 2nd. tune, 175.
Ps 119, verse 9, Chant 4, Hymn 212.

WESLEYAN METHODIST MISSION HALL,

PAREL-ROAD, (NEAR THE RAILWAY BRIDGE, BYCULLA).
9 a.m.—Class Meeting.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.
The public are invited.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

7-30 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion. Hymns 165 and 176.
11 a.m.—Morning Service, Litany and Sermon. Hymns 165 and 176.
6 p.m.—Evening Service and Sermon. Hymns 301, 163, and 17.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, PAREL.

8 a.m.—Litany, Sermon and Holy Communion.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
5-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

SERVICE will be held on board the Steam-ship Kairos, in the Prince's Dock on Sunday morning at eleven o'clock. Captains, officers, seamen and others are cordially invited. The Bethel flag will be hoisted.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 27th May 1886.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·603
Temperature of the Air	86·7
Wet Bulb Thermometer	79·6
Dew Point	77·2
Relative humidity of Air	78
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10).	4·6
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	90·2
Minimum do. do (read at 10 a.m.)	82·1
General Directions of Wind*	SE, SSE, S, SSW, & SSW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	343

* From midnight to midnight.

THE TANSA WATER WORKS LOAN.

THE report of the Committee of the Corporation and the memorial to the Government prepared by them on the subject of the Tansa Water Works Loan and the report of the Vehar Debt were yesterday submitted to the Bombay Municipal Corporation. In the course of the memorial it is explained that the present supply of pure water to the city being confessedly inadequate, the Corporation decided to construct an artificial lake at Tansa and bring the water to Bombay, a distance of about 60 miles. The Government of India were accordingly requested to either to raise the money or to empower the memorialists to do so under the guarantee of the Government. At the same time a request was submitted that the repayment of the Vehar Debt might be extended over a greater number of years. The memorial proceeds :—

It was with much concern that your petitioners received an answer in the negative to each of these prayers. Your Excellency's Government, however, at the same time, expressing its full recognition of the "great benefits to be anticipated from a scheme such as that proposed." Your memorialists are not aware for what reasons the concession asked for in reference to the repayment of the Vehar Debt could not be granted, and they trust that on reconsideration your Excellency in Council may feel able to modify your determination in this respect. The grounds on which the refusal of the Government of India in the matter of the Tansa Water Works Loan is based are, as your memorialists understand them, three in number: (a.) That it has been the policy of the Government of India for some years to refuse to make loans to local bodies unless under very exceptional circumstances. (b.) That the resources at the disposal of the Government of India are not sufficient to permit the grant of a loan for the purpose. (c.) That it is open to the Corporation to borrow the money in the open market. With regard to the first of these reasons, your memorialists submit that, in the first place, it is scarcely just to consider the Municipality of Bombay a "Local" body in the same sense in which any inland municipality is one ; secondly, that very exceptional circumstances do exist, not merely in the case of the City of Bombay generally, but of the particular work in question ; and, thirdly, that the Government of India has itself granted loans to Municipalities where, so far as your memorialists are aware, no Imperial interests whatever were involved. It cannot, your memorialists think, be said with justice of places like Calcutta, Karachi and Bombay, connected with ports of first class importance, and the two last of which are the natural bases for the defence of India against foreign aggression, that their health, good government, or welfare are matters of purely local concern, in which the Empire is neither more nor less interested than it is in those of any great inland city. The Government of India have recently, and in the opinion of your memorialists most rightly determined to raise the loans required by the Port Trusts of Calcutta and Bombay, and have it in contemplation to raise one for the port of Karachi. Now, though it is undoubtedly possible to separate certain portions of the interests and business of these ports from those of the great cities that exist at them, and although it is unquestionably true that certain appliances and conveniences at ports are more immediately subservient to Imperial needs than any connected with the city, it is no less certain that the general welfare of the ports and the cities are in reality indissolubly bound together ; that mismanagement or want of appliances in either of them must assuredly prejudicially affect the interests of the other, and it appears to your memorialists that both have an equal and inseparable claim to expect that their affairs will be considered as of more than merely local importance.

The Tansa Water Scheme and the Drainage Scheme are so intimately connected that, at the present moment, there are portions of the drainage scheme which are completed but which cannot be utilised, so far as house connections are concerned, because the supply of water for flushing the drains is insufficieutn. Now, whilst it is admitted that, on the one hand, the carrying out of these two works must necessarily improve the health of this great and growing city, on the other hand, it cannot be contested that should financial considerations prevent the completion of them the health of the city will grow worse and worse, and the place itself become more and more a favourable locality for cholera. That the sanitary reputation of Bombay is a matter of Imperial moment has been admitted alike by the Government of India, the Government of Bombay, the Chambers of Commerce of Bombay and London, and H. M.'s Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. The mere belief that the City of Bombay was unhealthy has been sufficient to cause quarantine to be once and again imposed against ships arriving from the port. The effects of these quarantines were described by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce as "in the highest degree inconvenient to the public and injurious to the commerce of India," surely a matter of more than local importance, and the same body declared that these quarantines subjected the public "to an intolerable inconvenience and the ship-owning interest to grievous injury and loss."

As regards the needlessness of the imposition of quarantine in the particular cases referred to by the Chamber of Commerce, your memorialists are in entire accord with that body and Government, not so much on account of any absence or prevalence of cholera as because they believe all quarantine regulations or sanitary cordons to be unsuited to prevent the spread of that disease ; but the points to be observed are that the commerce of India was injured, ship-owning interests suffered grievous loss, and the public were subjected to intolerable inconvenience from a cause connected with the city and not with the oort at all, and that the loss and injury were inflicted by a body wholly beyond the control of the Government of India. That the health of the towns at seaports cannot be considered as a matter of merely local interest is further shown by the remarks of the Army Sanitary Commissioners about Aden. If the sanitary condition of Aden be of vast importance to commerce, how much more must be that of the immense city of Bombay. An unhealthy city may deprive a well-managed port of the legitimate fruits of its expenditure.

The improved sanitation of Bombay, especially in the matter of making cholera epidemics as little likely as possible, is, then, beyond all contradiction, a question involving very exceptional circumstances and of much more than purely local interest and concern, and it appears to your memorialists that in carrying out the immense works necessary to secure this object, they have a reasonable right to expect that they will not be left wholly dependent on local resources. The various reports of the Sanitary Commissioner of this Presidency and the remarks of the Army Sanitary Commissioners on them seem to your memorialists to establish the fact that Bombay is unhappily subject to epidemics of cholera, and to point out, with no uncertain voice, the steps that should be taken to mitigate, if not entirely to eradicate, the evil. With regard to 1872, we find it stated that cholera is said "to have never left the City of Bombay." That in 1877 there were 2,510 deaths ; in 1878 there were 1,165 deaths. That the average for 34 years ending with 1882 was 1,426 a year ; that in 1881 cholera prevailed in Bombay City for 10 out of the 12 months, and that records show that in this city it was present in 389 out of 408 months between 1848 and 1881. These are the evils ; their remedy is indicated in the same reports, in that of Drs. Klein and Heneage Gibbes and in that of the Committee of eminent men appointed by the Secretary of State for India to consider the report of Drs. Klein and Gibbes, which actually teem with statements that the most effectual, if not the only, way of preventing the disease from taking an epidemic form in any place is by giving that place pure water and by removing "filth." It might possibly be urged that the contention proves too much ; that even supposing that the sanitation of Bombay were perfect and the place itself absolutely free from cholera, the disease might nevertheless break out in some up-country place, and be brought to Bombay and there spread ; so that it would be as much the duty of the Imperial Government to assist in the sanitation of these places as of Bombay. The case supposed is, however, impossible because, if there be one thing certain about cholera, it is that the disease will not spread unless the "locality" be favourable to it, persons already infected coming there may die, but there will be no spreading of the disease. On this subject, there is a vast mass of independent testimony. It would, therefore, appear that, if by sanitary measures we can make Bombay unsuitable as a cholera locality, we need not fear the introduction of the disease from other places.

Your memorialists also consider that another special reason that raises the Tansa Scheme out of the category of merely local works is its vast cost ; it might, and possibly would, be sound policy for the Government of India to say to small local bodies, or those whose affairs in no way affect Imperial interests, that neither Imperial funds nor the credit of the Imperial Government could be used in works that were not of general importance, and which did not commend themselves to local capitalists ; but your memorialists doubt if, the same line of argument can be fairly taken when it becomes a question of raising 123 lakhs of rupees. It appears to them that the very magnitude of the sum, and the difficulty of financing it, raises it at once into an importance greater than that of any question of merely local interest. Your memorialists believe that so lately as 1880-81 the Government of India gave the Ajmere Municipality a gratuity, charged to the capital cost of the Rajputana-Malwa Railway, *i.e.*, directly to the debt of India, in aid of the Ajmere water works. Possibly this gratuity was allowed on account of certain advantages that the Railway would obtain from a better water-supply. But your memorialists understand that the Government of India also raised the balance of the necessary loan. They do not, of course, know what reasons made the Ajmere water works a matter of Imperial policy rather than of local necessity ; but they cannot believe that those reasons were at all comparable in weight to those that they have urged in behalf of Bombay. As one last point proving how impossible it really is to treat this question as a purely local one, your memorialists invite attention to the warning conveyed by the Government of India to the Bombay Government to provide against any enhancement of the town duties involving are—imposition of customs duties abolished by the Supreme Government.

Your memorialists now come to the second reason advanced by the Government of India, *viz.*, that the finances of India do not permit the Government of India to raise a loan for this purpose. Whilst thoroughly sympathising with the reluctance of the Government of India to incur fresh obligations at a time when the constant depreciation of silver, and various other causes beyond the control of the Government of India, render the financial position one of great difficulty and uncertainty. Your memorialists, nevertheless, desire to point out in the strongest way that, by either raising or guaranteeing the Tansa Water Works Loan, the Government of India would confer an immense boon on the citizens of Bombay, as it would relieve them of the extra interest charges, a point of the very greatest importance when the magnitude of the sum is considered, and would, besides, enable other works of great importance to be taken in hand ; whilst, at the same time, Government would run no real risk whatever, for not only can it exact whatever security it desires, but has, besides, the power of taking over and working the water works, should there be any necessity for such a step. Your memorialists also feel that they would not be discharging their duty either to Government or the public, did they not plainly inform Government that a refusal, either to raise or guarantee the loan may, not impossibly, put it beyond the means of the Corporation to carry out the work.

With regard to the alternative suggested by the Government of India, namely, that the Municipality should borrow the money in the open market, your memorialists desire most respectfully to impress upon your Excellency in Council that, in that case, it would be essential that some legislative action should be taken to free the hands of your petitioners in the matter of repayment by according them not only as large a measure of freedom in this matter as is already enjoyed by the Municipality of Calcutta ; but also by leaving them completely unfettered as to the choice of the market in which, and the conditions on which the loan is raised. As things now stand, not only would your memorialists be compelled to borrow at a high rate of interest, but the manner in which the existing law obliges them to invest their sinking fund, would force them to repay their debt in a most unfavourable way, so that they would suffer both in borrowing and in paying again. Your memorialists feel assured that your Excellency will yourself feel spontaneously that if your Excellency's Government be unfortunately unable to assist them in either raising or guaranteeing the loan, it is only fair that they should at least be free to make the best arrangements they can.

When your Excellency in Council takes into consideration the fact that the question of the water-supply and drainage of Bombay is not one of simply local concern, but one affecting Imperial interests ; that the necessity of improving the water-supply has been repeatedly pressed upon your memorialists, either directly or indirectly, alike by the Government of India as by the Secretary of State for India in Council ; that the Government of India runs no risk of loss ; that the Municipality of this city has ever been distinguished by readiness to bear its legitimate burdens and by aptitude for affairs ; that the very fact of its being now desirous of undertaking this great work is a fresh proof that it recognizes its grave responsibilities ; that it is not asserted by anybody that the scheme is unnecessarily large ; that the payment of needless or excessive interest will cripple the action of the Municipality in prosecuting other works of a pressing nature ; that the Municipality is at present hampered by legislative restrictions which prejudicially affect its power of repaying loans to the best advantage ; and, lastly, that if the requests contained in this prayer cannot be granted, the consequence may be the indefinite postponement of both these great and necessary works. Your petitioners feel a confidence, which they cannot believe will prove ill-grounded, that your Excellency in Council will see that the dictates of justice and sound policy alike permit your Excellency to modify your present orders, and at one and the same time, to secure the successful prosecution of these great and beneficent works, and to relieve the tax-payers of the City of Bombay of an avoidable addition to a burden that is already sufficiently onerous.

After waiting forty minutes yesterday, a quorum was obtained for the meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, and Mr. R. M. Sayani, in the absence of Dr. Cook, was voted to the chair.

There were present :—Messrs. Thomas Blaney, G. Cotton E. R. Freeborn, A. M. Gubbay, Captain G. W. Martin, Colonel G. L. C. Merewether, Mr. F. D. Parker, Lieut.-Colonel A. B. Portman, Captain H. O. Selby, Messrs. Bomanjee Pestonjee Master, Hormusjee, G.G.M.C., Goculdass Jagchohundass, Jamshedjee Pallonjee Kapadia, Jayarilal Umiashanker, Jehangeer Byramjee Murzban, Cowasjee D. Limjee, Muljee Bhawanidas Barbhaya, Muncherjee N. Banajee, N. B. Jeejeebhy, Nowrojee Byramjee Suntook, Nuzzur Mahomed Futtehally, Rahimtoola M. Sayani, Rahimbhai Allana, Shivjee Dharmajee, Vandravandass Purshotumdass, and Venayeck Ramchunder Luxmajee.

Lieut.-Colonel Portman moved the adoption of the memorial prepared by the Committee praying the Government of India to raise or guarantee the loan for carrying out the Tansa Water Works project, and to extend the period of years for the repayment of the Vehar Water Works debt. The Corporation, he said, had every reason to congratulate themselves on the Committee chosen by them to draw up the report. As far as could be judged, the Committee omitted nothing which would press on the Government of India the necessity for the loan. The whole subject had been so frequently before the Corporation, that it was unnecessary to go into the various points dealt with in the memorial, but it contained a pertinent remark once mentioned by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, that unless the Corporation obtained the help of the Government it might be necessary for them to put a stop to this scheme. Everybody would regret this, for they all knew Bombay must have this increased water supply if they were to complete the drainage scheme, Government and the newspapers were demanding when the drainage was to be finished, and at the last meeting of the Town Council, it was shown to be impossible to properly carry out the drainage without the additional supply of water.

Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy seconded the motion.

Mr. Nujmodin Tyabjee suggested the insertion in the memorial of various statistics showing the water supply per head to the population of other cities.

Colonel Portman declined to incorporate the statistics in the memorial, and Mr. Javerilal in supporting this refusal pointed out that the memorial was already loug enough.

The Municipal Commissioner hoped the addition would not be pressed. The memorial was open to criticism rather on the ground that it should be made shorter than longer, but it had been prepared with very great care. He deprecated any course of action which would necessitate a revision of the memorial and cause further delay. Again, the Corporation should remember that such statistics did not bear upon the point at issue. The memorial accepted the declaration of Government that the water supply was confessedly inadequate, that was admitted and was the reason for apptoaching the Government in the first instance. The memorial therefore went on at once to deal with what was really before the Corporation the reasons, or want of rensons, advanced by the Government of India in refusing their request. Besides the statistics mentioned were not the most forcible that might be quoted, and it would be necessary to ask the Committee to prepare a stronger and more appropriate statement.

The motion, after some remarks from Mr. Bomanjee Master, was carried, and the Government resolution on the repayment of the Vehar debt recorded.

THE RETAIL LIQUOR LICENSES.

THE following petition has been addressed to His Excellency Lord Reay, by Edulji Dossabhoy and others, holders of retail licenses for the sale of country and foreign liquor in the Town and Island of Bombay :—

Your Excellency's petitioners have perused with considerable anxiety the Resolution of your Government, dated 29th April 1886, whereby it is directed, once more, to put the retail liquor licenses in the Town and Island of Bombay to auction sale for 3 years.

2. Your petitioners feel that, as the objections to the system of putting up the licenses to sale are so obvious, and so clearly acknowledged by Government in their Resolution on the Report of the Abkari Commission, dated 17th March 1886, they would not be justified in troubling your Excellency with them again ; but as they think that the grounds upon which it is resolved to have one more final auction sale are insufficient, and that there has been some misunderstanding on important points, they feel it due to your Excellency in Council and to

visit of the Governor of Bombay, which allowed us to show the affection we bear to the sister Presidency. One would have thought that the visits of the satrap of the West to his brother satrap of the South would have recurred so often as to belong almost to routine business, but that has not been so—I do not know how far we must go back to find a precedent, and I feel very grateful to my very old and dear friend, Lord Reay, for having given us so unusual a pleasure. Thirdly, we have had the visit of the Viceroy, the second Viceregal visit which has taken place in my time, and which had but one drawback—that it was too brief. Last and not least, we have had the great success of our arms in Burmah. The world is getting old, and those of us who read History have got a little tired of the battles of the warrior "with confused noise and garments rolled in blood." On my taste at least that kind of thing has rather palled, but there is a military success of a far higher order than that where everything has been carefully planned in silence, and when the success comes to the outer world with the suddenness of a lightning flash. Perhaps the grandest instance of that kind of success which the world has seen is the one which forms the subject of an anecdote which may not be familiar to all of you. In the year 1870, after the great battles before Metz, a Council of War was held under the presidency of the King of Prussia, now the German Emperor, to determine what was to be done next. The question to be settled was, 'should the Germans advance directly upon Paris, or should the first crush the French armies in the field and then march on the capital?' The King left it to his son, now the Crown Prince to decide, and he decided in favour of first crushing the French armies in the field. In order to bring about this, some most complicated and critical manœuvres had to be undertaken. At length one evening, Moltke was riding with his staff not far from Sedan, when an officer came up and reported that the fronts of two regiments which he named faced each other at such and such as place. "Will you be kind enough be repeat that message," said the great commander. The officer did so. "*Es stimmt!*" (its tallies) quietly observed Moltke, taking a pinch of snuff. He knew from that single fact that the operation had succeeded, that the enemy was in the toils, and the second Empire virtually with the past. Now, comparing great things to small our own success in Burma was, unlike our former rough and ready successes there, precisely one of this last kind. All had been perfectly arranged beforehand by the officers and officials whose names have been recorded in the proceedings which the Government of India published on the fourteenth of this month. From the day when I received the Viceroy's telegram, directing the fitting out of the expedition, till General Prendergast marched into the Palace of Mandalay and found not a creature to oppose him save the ex-queen's pet monkey, the whole had the quietness, and the finality of a good epigram. We deserved success, and we obtained it seconded by fortune, which, as Aristotle long ago observed, has a curious way of seconding desert. A good many of you were, I think, present at the dinner at which I had the honour of entertaining the officers and officials most closely connected with the expedition on the 2nd November and you remember, no doubt, what a terrific night it was, recollection that a year before, a storm which broke out, at the same time, had raged for a week, and knowing the life-and death importance of rapidly to the plans of the Viceroy. I spoke in proposing the General's health, of the influence of untoward accident in human affairs, while in his very happy reply, he said that he and his comrades, if they could not command, would do better and deserve success. All that, as I have said, some of you will remember; but perhaps not many of you have heard what General Prendergast told me when, after all the "Alice-in-Wonderland" business was done, he came to say with me at Guindy, namely that if that storm amidst which our gathering was held had lasted twenty-four hours longer it would have made the whole difference between the expedition having been a military promenade and its having been a bloody campaign; for if the wind had not fallen in the night and the ships which could not look, on the 2nd at our terrible coast had not steamed in at daybreak on the 3rd of November, the Italian Engineer would just have had time to complete the boom which they were throwing across the Irrawady, fifteen miles above our frontier, in the sure and certain hope that we should be detained by it long enough to give them time to complete everyone of the exceedingly formidable defences which they had left just not finished all along the water way right up to the capital. Now, Gentlemen, from the facts I have mentioned, we should I think, learn two things: first, that war is a terribly uncertain game in which the best laid plans may be deranged by contingencies which cannot be foreseen—secondly, the truth of the Aristotelian *dictum* which I have cited above, that fortune has a wonderful way of seconding desert. Let us, with that last thought in our minds, go forward in all our affairs, doing the very best we can for our Sovereign, and that portion of Her Empire which is immediately committed to our care. We shall have good luck and bad, ups and downs, in doing so, but, on the whole, as in the recent expedition, fortune may be expected to second desert. Gentlemen, I ask you to rise and drink with me the health of the Queen Empress.

MADRAS.

BREACHES ON THE S. I. RAILWAY.—Very heavy rain fell on Sunday, at Pondicherry and along the coast, in consequence of which the S. I. Railway line breached between the 64th and 65th mile, and the 7 a. m. mail train of that date had to be stopped on the northern side of the breach, and trains going in the opposite had direction also to be stopped. A Divisional Engineer left Villampuram to repair the breach, and subsequently passengers, mail, etc., were passed across the breach from one train to the other, and the mail train from Madras had to return to Madras, and the mail, from Tuticorin returned southward in the same way. The Madras train arrived here about 6 a. m., on Monday morning, instead of 5-30 p. m. the previous day. Other passenger trains had likewise to exchange passengers, &c., at the breach in a similar manner. There was another slight breach on Sunday, between Cuddalore New Town and Old Town but through the prompt attention of the Divisional Engineer, the line was resorted. During the floods of November and December 1884, the line was washed away between the 64th and 65th mile, and a temporary diversion had to be made in the bed of the river, and this was used up to recently, when the old line was completed, and inspected by the Consulting Engineer for Railways, in company with the Divisional Engineer, and passed as being fit for traffic.—*Mail.*

WATER SUPPLY OF DINDIGUL.—Some time last year Mr. Crole submitted to Government a scheme for the water supply of Dindigul, and requested permission to raise a loan of Rs. 16,000 for carrying out the work. He pointed out that the town of Dindigul suffered greatly from want of a sufficient supply of water. Several schemes had been put forwarded during the last eleven years to remedy the defect, but they were all dropped one after the other because of their acknowledged impracticability or prohibitive cost. The entire scheme is estimated to cost about Rs. 31,551, of which Rs. 7,500 have already been spent by the Water Project Committee, who have introduced the system of water-supply into a certain portion of Dindigul by money privately raised. Mr. Crole therefore asked Government for a grant of Rs. 7,500, a sum equal to that raised by private enterprise. The introduction of the scheme will relieve the town of an enormous burden, as at present the cost to the town in private water establishments, &c., amounts to no less than Rs. 20,000 in a single year. The scheme is an elaborate one, and has been worked out by Mr. Crighton, the Locomotive Superintendent of the South Indian Railway, who, Mr. Crole says, is an authority on steam machinery and its adjuncts. The Superintending Engineer, VI. Circle, to whom the matter was referred, is of opinion that the project is not complete, and has not been properly worked out, as further and more definite information as to quality and quantity is necessary before the expenditure of a large sum can be recommended. He, however, suggested that a fresh analysis should be made; and the opinion of Dr. Bidie, the Sanitary Commissioner, invited on the subject. After a personal inspection of the town and site, that officer remarked that the probability of finding water in considerable quantity was great, as the site selected appears to have been originally the bed of a lake or swamp, but unfortunately in this case the prospect of getting potable water was not equally favourable. Recent analyses of the water showed no improvement in the quality of the water, and in fact these analyses showed a decree of impurity—organic and inorganic—beyond the line of safety, and with no hope of amendment. He suggested that as there was evidently a large supply of ground water in the locality, it might be desirable to ascertain whether the current could not be tapped in some other spot out of the area of the present site, where possibly a fluid of greater purity might be obtained. He also pointed out that, with the usual precautions of subsidence and filtration, a good wholesome water can be got from the river Kodavanoor. Government, in passing orders, referred the suggestion of the Sanitary Commissioner to the Public Works Department, for inquiry and remark, and observed that if the suggestion was not found to be feasible the Municipal Council will be asked to consider whether a scheme to bring in water from the river might not be worked and adopted.—*Ibid.*

DUTCH TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering with the pain of cutting the Grinders? Go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere, at 1s. 1½d. per bottle. Wholesale by the Proprietors, Bowles & Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

INDIAN SPORTING NOTES.

THE Hyderabad Prospectus is out at last, at even if late, Colonel Ludlow is to be heartily congratulated, for it is one of the most liberal ever issued, and casts that of every meeting in India, save Calcutta, into the shade, as far as the value of its purses are concerned. Twenty-nine thousand five hundred rupee in cups and specie are offered to the racing public during the five days fixed—November 11th, 13th, 16th, 18th, and 20th. We fear horses of the class that have hitherto carried off the Hyderabad gold cup can scarcely be expected to compete for it this year, unless the Jodhpore Princes sent the best of their string to the meeting. Princely Palkparah's leaving the turf has weakened Dhumam's string considerably. Cooch Behar's popular and sporting Rajah is an absentee for this year at any rate from the turf. Messrs. Apkar's string has only Surf, Sparkle, and Sorcerer and they are scarcely likely to be added to; besides which they may, or may not, visit the Deccan meeting for their present training ground Calcutta, is many miles away, and horses sent thence to Hyderabad would be comparatively knocked out of the former meeting. None of the Behar stables will send representatives, so the Stewards must look to Jodhpore, the local stables, and perhaps a quad or so from Deyrah to supply them with first-class horses for which, we fear, the look ahead is not promising. It is the distance which alone prevents Bengal owners sending or taking their stables, and they regret infinitely the obstacles in their way.

The Hyderabad rules are all sensible and fair, but the first one is a bit misleading. "Calcutta Turf Club rules" is sufficient without the prefix of "new." Landing allowances are liberal in the extreme, and be it remembered to prevent future misunderstanding that the Hyderabad rupee is not as valuable as ours to the tune of about 10 per cent. We heartily wish Colonel Ludlow and his co-Stewards a successful meeting and hope owners will do their best to assist to that end. First entries are due on 1st July.

The jubilation of the Remount Department over the numbers of horses procurable in the country for the service appears somewhat premature, when Colonel Ben. Williams has to travel to Persia for recruiting purposes.

The late Dibrugard Sky Meeting appears to have been a complete fiasco, three horses including one dummy competing in each race. If this is all the sport this district can show, it would be more satisfactory to grow tea on the race-course.

Captain Hayes has been performing at Simla before a very distinguished audience, including the Great Ornamental and the Jungy Lord, and Mr. J. Macleod's horse, Goonambie, fully bore out his character for buking. We are glad to see Sir Frederick Roberts intends carrying out our suggestion, made before Captain Hayes left England, of starting breaking classes, under his tution at all large garrisons, and so enable batteries and cavalry regiments to make their remounts fit for use in a couple of days instead of, as at present, a couple of month.—*Indian Planter's Gazette.*

OUTLAWRY IN CHINA.

THE Canton correspondent of the *North China Herald* mentions the continued prevalence of piracy and organised robbery with violence in Kwangtung Province. On the 20th April no fewer than sixty cases of piracy by land and sea were awaiting trial in the Nan-hai Hsien county alone, and on the same day some fourteen pirates were beheaded in Canton. A short time previously a prefect and sixteen district and country magistrates were deprived of their buttons for failing to capture the robbers infesting the neighbourhood, and they have since been endeavouring to recover their lost honours by their rigorous treatment of those who were captured, most inhuman tortures being applied to them with the object of inducing them to confess. The correspondent states that Colonel Denby, U. S. Minister to China, has been visiting the torturing courts incognito, and that his Excellency will probably have something to write on the subject shortly. With regard to the men who were beheaded, our correspondent states that the executions took place on the feast day of Tien Hou, Queen of Heaven; and as the Viceroy Chang is an ardent worshipper of this deity it is supposed that he had these men put to death as a sacrifice in her honour. A remarkable case illustrating the temerity of the robbers in the province is one which occurred a week or two ago, in which a magistrate was captured by pirates while on a passage to Canton in a junk, his servant being killed and himself held at ransom. The magistrate was missing from Canton for several days; but at length he made his appearance there, and it appeared from his story that the pirates, having discovered who their captive was, and that there was little hope of getting a ransom for him, decided to give him chance of his life. The Magistrate having been bound hand and foot, an old blanket was thrown over his head and tied around his waist. Thus covered he could not recognise the spot where he was nor the way by which he was being taken. In this way he was carried along and placed in a boat, in charge of several men; and after a considerable time, during which the boat sailed or was rowed a long distance, the captive was transferred to another boat in charge of one man only. The pirates or persons in charge of the first boat then withdrew, and the captive being left in the small boat with its single rower, ventured to inquire where he was, and was then relieved of the blanket, which enabled him to see that he was in a rickety old boat, rowed by an infirm old man. The officer, finding himself partly at liberty, asked the old man to release his hands and feet and give him something to eat as he was very hungry. The old man answered that he was very hungry himself, and could not row any further without food; but if the officer would give him money he would land to buy food at the first village they came to. The officer had of course been relieved of everything but his under-clothing, and the old blanket which had served to cover his head was greatly needed to keep him warm. The old man, finding that there was no money to be had, ceased rowing, and refused to go any further, pretending that he was unequal to the task of reaching the place to which he had been directed to take his fare. The officer, however, induced the man to row to the nearest town by a promise that he would endeavour to procure some money and food there, both of which the old boatsman. Thus encouraged, the old man continued rowing, and the officer soon found the means wherewith to return to Canton after having rewarded the boatman.

ENGAGEMENT RINGS AND LOVERS' BOUQUETS.

IN all things fashionable in personal apparel France is the authority *par excellence*, and with regard to engagement rings, which are said to be mostly required at this season of this year, one of the oracles delivers itself thus:—

"The first of the presents which must be made to an affianced bride ought to be the engagement ring; this ring must for ever be kept by the woman; it is the first openly allowed gage of love; it should be of perfect taste and at the same time not inconvenient to the wearer (which remark, considering that the custom of *marriage de convenance* is still very much adhered to in France, has a slightly sarcastic tone). I would not choose the ruby; it is too showy, loud, and indiscreet; my taste inclines towards the sapphire and the diamond, of which the one does not to well without the other. I should not choose a large sapphire surrounded by diamonds; I should ask our jeweller artists to interlace in happy combination the sapphire and the diamond; the turquoise is also a tasteful stone, but when it is constantly worn it has the immense disadvantage to change its colour, and to this change most women attach a sad and sentimental superstition. It should, therefore, not be chosen for the first present, which is worn and cherished while life lasts, and which remains from the days of youth while everything else changes."

Another subject which the merry month of May suggests to the same writer is the presenting of flowers by a man to his intended wife. The orthodox basket of flowers composed by the florist is known to all the world.

"If the fiancé is a man of any taste he will always vary his flowers according to the conversation he has had with his lady on the previous day. He will know how to make delicate allusions in the flowers he sends, for have not the flowers their language? The stalks of the flowers he will encircle one day by a *porte-bonheur*, another day by a couple of those pretty snakes (alas! alas!) which so gracefully coil round the arm, and again, he will throw some diamonds into the calyx of the roses favoured by the lady. I recommend above all not to be monotonous in your choice of flowers. Show that you have occupied yourself with their choice, and that to conform to custom is not the reason for your present of flowers."

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE s.s. Teutania, 1,550 tons, Capt. George Wilson, arrived in harbour yesterday from London (21st Decr 1885) in ballast; she is consigned to W & A Graham & Co.

THE ship Latimer, 1,733 tons, Capt A C Craves, sails to-day for Havre with a general cargo.

THE s.s. Avondale, 1,572 tons, Capt W Dickman, sailed yesterday for Antwerp with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr P de Bonnemains and Mr E Stabb.

THE B I S N Co.'s s.s. Huzara, 1,336 tons, Capt D Campbell, sails to-day for Kurachee and London with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Captain R F and Mrs Castellari and 5 children, Mrs M A Anderson, Mrs Groing, Conductor J Mill and 10 deck.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Ancona, 1,877 tons, Capt. S. F. Cole, arrived in harbour on the 27th instant from Shanghai (1st May) with the China and Australian mails and the following passengers:—Mr. Veerjee, Mrs. C K. Smith, Mr. M. Gold, Mr. E. Walker, Lt. Taylor, Mr. Philbert, Mrs. Newbury, Mrs. Whittaker, Mr. M. C. Allibhoy, Mr. M. C. Abdulally, Mr. L. M Ebrahim, 4 distressed British seamen and 10 deck.

VESSELS IN THE PRINCE'S DOCK.

28TH MAY.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Cairo	1574	R. Hayes	...	Finlay, Muir & Co.
,, Clan Maclean	1511	Whayman	...	Beyts, Craig & Co.
,, Huzara	1436	J. Schofield	..	Finlay, Muir & Co.
,, Rydal Hall	1336	D. Campbell	...	Ed. Bates & Co.
,, Belgravia	3274	Boothby	..	W. & A. Graham & Co.
,, Kairos	1911	Tiddle	..	McCulloch & Co
,, T. Head	1101	Smith	..	J. M. Heyn.
,, Chittagong	1240	MacDonald	..	Pelly & Co.
,, Asia	2322	Craig	...	W. & A. Graham & Co.
,, Rohilla	2251	Barrett	..	P. & O. Co.
,, Cleveland	1401	W. Dobinson	..	Killick, Nixon & Co.
,, Lord O'Neil	1816	J. Dunn	..	Captain.
,, Hartington	1353	W. H. Hall	..	Js. Mackintosh.
,, Inchmornish	1292	J. Prentice	...	Js. Mackintosh.

ARRIVALS.

May.	Vessels.	Commander.	From
27	Ancona (s)	Cole	Shanghai, May 1.
28	Teutania (s)	Wilson	London, Dec. 21.

DEPARTURES.

May.	Vessels.	Commander	Destination.
28	Avondale (s)	Dickman	Antwerp.
	Euphrates (s)	Macfadyen	Coast and Karachi.
	Teviotdale (s)	Duncan	Dunkirk.

The following vessels obtained their port-clearances yesterday:—
Ship Latimer, for Havre.
Steamer Huzara, for Karachi and London.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Ancona, for London.
,, Teutania, for Trieste and Venice.
,, Ryanza, for Zanzibar.

CALCUTTA.

DEPARTURES.

May 23.—Steamer Persia.
May 24.—Steamer Malda. Ships Dovenby Hall and City of Philadelphia, and Barque Pharo.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

May.			
26	Chilka (s)	.....	Bombay.
	Compta	.....	Mauritius.
	Hunting Castle	.....	Algoa.
	Umvoti	.....	Natal.

DEPARTURES.

May.			
25	Kilwa (s)	.....	Bombay.
	Kohinur (s)	.....	Bombay.
	Ethiopia (s)	.....	Calcutta.

DAILY IMPORTS.—MAY 28.

FROM GLASGOW.

Belgravia s—50 cases whisky, Sorabjee Cowasjee; 1 hogshead sherry, The Byculla Club; 2 hogsheads whisky, Treacher and Co.
Clan Maclean s—30 cases whisky, Wallace and Co;

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Guildford s—15 barrels color, 10 cases Frenchpolish and 106 kegs paint, T. Fazoolabhoy.
Belgravia s—50 cases soap, Aldridge, Salmon and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Altmore s—50 cases old tom and gin Treacher and Co; 30 cases beer, C. Fleming and Co; 75 cases beer, 101 cases whisky, 2 hogsheads cognac, 90 cases and 1 butt wines, Dhunjibhoy Cowasjee.
Venetia s—8 cases wine, Ramchunder Purshotum.
Rohilla s—9 cases port, Ramchunder Purshotum; 43 packages paper, S. A. S. Dawood; 22 cases clocks, Mahomed Adumjee; 3 cases paper, *Times of India*; 56 cases sewing machines, Dossabhoy Merwanjee and Co; 100 packages slate pencils, 1 package foutlery and 25 packags marbles, Eabhoy Tyebally; 8 cases books, Radabhai Atmaram Sagoon.
Ravenna s—17 bales printing paper, *Times of India.*

FROM MARSEILLES.

D Balduino s—20 cases brandy, 177 packages claret, 70 cases champagne, 40 cases vermouth and 6 cases liquers, Treacher and Co; 20 cases brandy, D. P. Batha and Co; 50 cases claret, G. Lockhart and Co.
Singapore s—20 cases brandy, D. R. Dady and Co.

FROM HULL.

Cairo s—16 cases color, T. M. Tazkhanjee; 30 cases slate pencil, A. K. Khanbhoy.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MAY 28.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Asia s—208 bales cotton, Madon Bhomjee; 11 bales old gunnies, 3 bales rope lashing, 5 bales wool, 16 cwts mustard seed and 25 cwts linseed, Dossabhoy Merwanjee and Co; 302 bales cotton, D. Bhanjee; 139 bales cotton, C. Purbut and Co.
City of Carthage s—82 bales cotton, M. Dayal; 350 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 44 bales hemp, Jairam Dayal; 92 bales cotton waste and 26 bales cotton fly, Madon Bhimjee; 250 bales cotton, Tang, Moir and Co; 46 bales wool, 8 bales rope rags, and 5 bales gunny rags, N. Thackerdass.
Principality s—62 bales wool, K. Khoosal.
Belgravia s—150 bales cotton, Wallace and Co.

FOR LEGHORN.

Lord Oneil s—3 bales hides, C Jehangir and Co; 11 cwts gum, M Dayal; 19 bales hemp, 275 cwts rampatree and 18 cwts bees wax, Punnett and Co; 4 bales hides, Wyabhoy Canjee and Co; 14 bales skins and 2 bales hides, M. Abdoola and Co; 7 bales hides and skins, P Dhunjee; 68 cwts gum, D Pudumsey, 130 cwts olibanum, M Dhunjee; 55 bales cotton, Wallace and Co; 4 cwts ivory, E Pasianni; 15 bales hides, D Ragoo; 68 cwts gum and 8 bales skins, H K Ellaibux; 25 cwts olibanum, M Luckumsee.
Ancona s—440 bales cotton, Glade and Co; 520 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 875 cwts linseed, Robertson Bros; 43 bales skins, J Campbell and Co; 105 cwts dryginger Tokursey Gangjee; 4,000 cwts. castorseed, F Masootti; 4,017 cwts myrabollams, S Rugonath and Co; 200 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 310 bales cotton, Harvey and Co; 100 bales cotton, Tcssaint and Boutillier.

FOR HULL.

Satara s—16,513 cwts wheat, Lang, Moir and Co; 6,004 cwrs wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR HAVRE.

Bengore Head s—1,068 cwts linseed and 10,000 cwts wheat, Wallace and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Athabasca s—100 bales cotton, Brsul and Co.
D. Balduino s—2,440 cwts gingelly seed, Lang, Moir and Co.

FOR LEGHORN.

D. Balduino s—1,000 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR ODESSA.

Amphitrite s—850 bales cotton, Glade and Co; 750 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 400 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR TRIESTE.

Amphitrite s—110 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co; 165 bales cotton, Glade and Co. 50 cwts olibanum, B. Pototsching.
Teutania s—600 bales cottou, E. Spinner and Co; 260 bales cotton, Wallace and Co.; 1,000 bales cotton, A. Blascheck and Co.
Lombardy s—420 bales cotton, Harvey and Co; 205 bales cotton, A. Blascheck and Co; 221 bales cotton, Gaddum, Bythell and Co.
Duke of Buckingham s—30 bales cotton, G. Lockhart and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Amphitrite s—800 cwts wheat, Lang, Moir and Co;
Teutania s—19,000 cwts wheat, F Missotti and Co; 220 bales cotton, Wallace and Co.
County of Salop s—20 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Rydal Hall s—500 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 300 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co; 175 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 300 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Seawfell s—1,500 cwts gingelly seed and 900 cwts wheat, Lang, Moir and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Hartington s—8,000 cwts wheat, Lyon and Co; 1,000 cwts, linseed, Finlay, Muir and Co.
Claymore s—300 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
Aldborough s—375 cwts rapeseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR NAPLES.

D Balduino s—6,000 cwts wheat, E Spinner and Co.

FOR GHENT.

Westergate (s)—1,260 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR SMYRNA.

Amphitrite (s)—1,000 cwts. wheat, Dwarkadass Chandass.

FOR GIBRALTER.

Sportsman s—27,000 cwts. linseed, 2,998 cwts. rapeseed, and 999 cwts gingellyseed, L. Dreyfus and Co.

FOR BELFAST.

Teelin Head s—4,000 cwts. wheat, Lang, Moir & Co.

FOR PIRAEUS.

Amphitrite s—150 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Chanda s—39 bales cotton, B. Hurdayall; 36 bales cotton, R. Luckumdass.

FOR HONGKONG.

Rohilla s—1 box silver coin, Hormusjee Sorabjee; 125 cwts onions, Cassum Jooma; 60 cwts sharkfins, J Peerbhoy and Co; 8 chests opium, Ebrahim Noordin and Co; 21 chests opium, J Peerbhoy and Co; 109 chests opium, N J Abraham; 46 chests opium, S J David; 9 chests opium T Ghunsamdass; 40 chests opium, Currimbhoy Ebram; 21 chests opium, C Bomonjee and Co; 19 chests opium, T Topen; 25 chests opium, Hajee E Ellias and Co; 13 chests opium, S N Talati and Co; 7 chests opium, Ludhabhai Chuttoo; 30 chests opium, Tata and Co; 183 chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co; 121 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co; 12 chests opium, S Abraham.
Medusa s—500 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 110 bales twist, Central Indian S and M Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Rohilla s—29 chests opium, C Bomonjee and Co; 4 chests opium, S J David and Co; 10 chests opium, T Ghunsamdass; 15 chests opium, Issac Ezra and Co; 23 chests opium, E J Abraham; 8 chests opium, T Topen; 6 chests opium, E Noordin and Co; 14 chests opium, David Sassoon.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MAY 25.

Wylly, Capt, Md, 6th M Infy, on duty, from Suakin.

MAY 28.

Milne, Lt, Bo, 5th B L I, on duty, from Mhow.
Steward, Col, Md, 4th (P W O) Lt Cavy, on furlough, from Kamptee.

DEPARTURE.—MAY 27.

Watson, Lt, Bl 1st Goorkhas, on duty, to Durmsala.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Major M. R. Wyer, Offg. Comdt., B. V. R. C.
Bombay, 29th May 1886.

The rifles and carbines being urgently required for inspection by the Civil Chief Master Armourer, it is requested that all members will return those in their possession as soon as possible.

By order,
R. S. BROWN, Capt.,
Offg. Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

POSTAL NOTICE.

DEPARTURE OF OCEAN MAILS, &c.

OVERLAND MAIL.

The Overland Mail Steamers of the P. and O. S. N. Company leave Bombay every *Friday* during the fair season, and every *Tuesday* during the moonson.

1886.			1886.
Tuesday ...	... 1st June	Tuesday ...	... 14th Sept.
,, ...	... 8th ,,	Friday ...	... 24th ,,
,, ...	... 15th ,,	,, ...	... 1st Oct.
,, ...	... 22nd ,,	,, ...	... 8th ,,
,, ...	... 29th ,,	,, ...	... 15th ,,
,, ...	... 6th July	,, ...	... 22nd ,,
,, ...	... 13th ,,	,, ...	... 29th ,,
,, ...	... 20th ,,	,, ...	... 5th Nov.
,, ...	... 27th ,,	,, ...	... 12th ,,
,, ...	... 3rd Aug.	,, ...	... 19th ,,
,, ...	... 10th ,,	,, ...	... 26th ,,
,, ...	... 17th ,,	,, ...	... 3rd Dec.
,, ...	... 24th ,,	,, ...	... 10th ,,
,, ...	... 31st ,,	,, ...	... 17th ,,
,, ...	... 7th Sept.	,, ...	... 24th ,,

The following are the arrangements in the hours for closing Mails:—Letters and newspapers will be received at the General Post Office up to 3-30 P.M. Books and Patterns up to 3-0 P.M. Registered Letters up to 2-30 P.M.

N.B.—Late letters for the Overland Mails, if fully prepaid by means of stamps, in respect both of postage and of the late letter fee (2 annas each), will be received at the Wellington Pier Post Office from 3-30 to 4-15 P.M.

Fully prepaid letters will be received on board the Overland Mail Steamers after 4-15 P.M. and up to starting time (5 P.M.) by the payment of an additional fee of 4 annas. All others will be refused.

The latest hour for posting Ordinary Overland Covers at the several Branch Post Offices is 3 P.M.; and registered letters at 2 P.M.

Via BRINDISI.

Letters not exceeding ½ oz. ... ... 4½ annas.
Newspapers not exceeding 4 oz. ... ... 1½ ,,

CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

Mails for China, Colombo, Penang, Singapore, Hongkong, Shanghai, Japan, and the Australian Colonies are despatched as follows:—

1886.		1886.	
Friday	... 11th June	Friday	... 1st Oct.
,,	... 25th ,,	,,	... 15th ,,
,,	... 9th July	,,	... 29th ,,
,,	... 23rd ,,	,,	... 12th Nov.
,,	... 6th Aug.	,,	... 26th ,,
,,	... 20th ,,	,,	... 10th Dec.
,,	... 3rd Sept.	,,	... 24th ,,
,,	... 17th Sept.		

Postage on Letters to China, Ceylon, Penang, Singapore, Hongkong, Shanghi, and Japan, is 3 annas per ½ oz., and for Australian Colonies 6 annas. Newspapers not exceeding 4 oz., 1 anna.

The latest hour for posting letters, &c., at the General Post Office is 3-30 P.M. for Ordinary Letters, and 2-30 P.M. for Registered Letters; and at Branch Offices 3-0 P.M. for Ordinary and 2-0 P.M. for Registered Letters.

ZANZIBAR MAIL VIA ADEN.

Weekly to Aden, and thence four-weekly to Zanzibar.

MAURITIUS MAIL VIA ADEN.

FAIR SEASON.—*On Fridays every fourth week.*
MONSOON.—*On Tuesdays every fourth week.*

MAILS FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

The B. I. S. N. Company's Contract Steamers are despatched from Bombay to Karachi twice a week, viz., on every Monday and Friday, and for Persian Gulf via Karachi once a week, viz., on Monday.

DESPATCH OF INLAND MAILS FROM BOMBAY.

Table showing the hours for closing the Inland Mails which came into force from the 1st October 1883 and will continue so until further notice:—

Mails.	At General Post Office. Ordinary Letters and Papers.	At General Post Office. Registered Letters.	At the Boree Bunder and Grant Road Rly. Station Post Offices.
For Bengal, N. W. Provinces, Malwa, and Post Towns on the N. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway.	P.M. 5-20	4 P.M.	P.M. 5-55
†For Poona, Dharwar, Deccan, Madras Presidency, the Post Towns on the S. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway and for Kanara.	P.M. 12-50	NOON. 12	P.M. 1-25
For Poona and Intermediate Stations	7 P.M.	4 P.M.	P.M. 7-55
†For Post Towns on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for Gujarat, Kathiawar, Kutch, Punjab and places in the N. W. P. above Agra	P.M. 6-20	4 P.M.	7-0 P.M.
For ditto as far as Surat	5 A.M.	4 P.M. of previous day.	..
For ditto in Southern Konkan, i.e., Alibag, Khed, Dapoli and also for Uran, Panvel and Belapur	A.M. 5-30	4-0 P.M.	—
*For ditto on the S. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway as far as Poona, also for Satara, Belgaum, and other Towns in S. M. Country	A.M. 6-30	4 P.M. of previous day.	A.M. 7-25
For ditto on the N. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway as far as Jabalpur, also for Central Provinces and Berar	6 A.M.	Do.	A.M. 6-55
For Southern Konkan, Chiplun, Gubhagar, Ratnagiri, Vengurla, Malwan, and Goa, also for Alibag, Pen, Nagothna, and Mahad.	A.M. 11-0	A.M. 10-15	...

* Letters and papers, too late for these mails closing at the General Post Office, can be posted at the Boree Bunder and Byculla Railway Station Post Offices *without* fee up to 5 minutes of the departure of Trains.
† Letters for this Mail are received at the Grant Road Railway Station Post Office from 7 P.M. to 7-55 P.M. on payment of a fee of 2 annas.
‡ Letters for this mail are received at the Boree Bunder Railway Station Post Office from 5 P.M. to 5-55 P.M. on payment of a fee of 2 annas.
Registered letters and banghy parcels for despatch by all mails will be received, except on Sundays, from 10 A.M. to 4 P.M.
LETTERS.—There are five deliveries in Bombay every day: at 8 A.M., 10 A.M., 11-30 A.M., 2 P.M., and 5 P.M.

PREPAID INLAND POSTAGE RATES.

	A.	P.
Post Cards, each	0	3
Letters—not exceeding ½ tola	0	6
From ½ to 1 tola	1	0
For every additional tola	1	0
Book and Pattern Packets in open covers, including Newspapers—not exceeding 10 tolas ...	0	6
For every additional 10 tolas	0	6
*Parcels by Banghy Post, not exceeding 20 tolas ...	4	0
Exceeding 20 tolas and not exceeding 40 tolas ...	8	0
For every additional 40 tolas	4	0

* To be paid for in cash when prepaid.

ALL those who appreciate Lily White Teeth, Purity of the Mouth, and a Breath of Flowers, should use KEMP & Co.'s FLORAL MOUTH ELIXIR, which is both a perfect dentifrice and at the same time a delicious Mouth Wash. Per bottle, No. 1-4 and No. 2-4.

AMERICAN ORGANS AND HARMONIUMS.

Illustrated price-lists free.

SOUNDY & Co., LD., BOMBAY.

STANDARD WINES.

PHILLIPS' PALE DINNER SHERRY	**	... ...	...per doz. Rs. 20 8
PHILLIPS' VINO DE PASTO	****	... ...	... ,, ,, 24 0
PHILLIPS' MANZANILLA	*****	... ...	... ,, ,, 27 0
PHILLIPS' AMONTILLADO	********	... ...	... ,, ,, 30 0

THESE WINES bearing well-known designations, and which have been used to denote the class of Wine we give quotations for, must not be confounded with other wines having similar names, as we confidently assert them to be superior to any in the market; they have been selected for us by a renowned London Wine Merchant, and, without further manipulation, bottled with the greatest care by most experienced men under our friend's special supervision.

PHILLIPS & CO., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

BOMBAY ADDRESS:—NEW ORIENTAL BANK BUILDINGS.

BEER.

WE have just received fresh shipments of the best ENGLISH SCOTCH, and GERMAN Brewings, unsurpassable for brightness and flavour. They are specially prepared for India, and are of the lightest gravity suitable to the climate.

In cases of 3 dozen quarts or 6 dozen pints.

	ENGLISH.	SCOTCH.	GERMAN.
Per case of quarts, Net Cash,	Rs. 17-4.	Rs. 16-8.	Rs. 15-12
Per case of pints do.	,, 24-0.	,, 24-0.	,, 228.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,

BOMBAY.

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is the only Patent Medicine of the kind

NOTICES.

GOUT RHEUMATISM

CURED BY THE USE OF DOCTOR LAVILLE'S LIQUOR AND PILLS

Approved by Doctor OSSIAN HENRY, Analytical Chemis of the Academie de Medecine, of Paris.

"The liquor to be Used in Acute State of Gout or "Rheumatism.

"The pills in Chronical State.

"The liquor must be taken during the most acute fits.

"The pills must be taken during the interval of "fits to prevent them.

"All who suffer from gout or rheumatism should "read Doctor Laville's treatise.

"Post free, to all parts: 4d."

Wholesale, COMAR, 28, rue Saint-Claude, Paris. Sold by all Chemists and Druggists.

M. SCHUSTER, General Agent for India.

PRIZE OF £ 660 TO LAROCHE

Laroche's TRIPLE QUININE WINE GOLD MEDAL PRIZE £660

FROM THE **THREE** CINCHONAS

This *VINOUS ELIXIR* is the *most powerful* and valuable of the preparations of Quinine as a **strengthening** and **anti-febrile restorative.**

Been employed in cases of *weakness* and *general debility, loss of appetite, changes of life, nervousness, exhaustion, fever,* etc.

ALSO prepared with **IRON** for *chlorosis, purifying* the *blood,* for *scrofulous affections,* etc.

Paris, 22, rue Drouot, 22, **Paris.**

LONDON, NEWBERRY et Co., Druggists.

BOMBAY: BOLTON & Co.; MORENAS & Co.

DOCTOR RABUTEAU'S

(Laureate of the Institute of France).

DRAGÉES, ELIXIR, SYRUP OF IRON, is used with great success in *Anemia, Chlorosis, Children's Weakness, Debility, Exhaustion, Convalescence, Poorness* of *Blood* after *fatigues, watches* and *excesses* of *all kinds.*

DOCTOR CLIN'S

(Medal of the Montyon Prize).

BROMIDE OF CAMPHOR is prepared in Capsules and Dragées. For *Nervous Diseases* and *in Brain* or *Mental affections.*

MATHEY-CAYLUS'

JAPONESE DROPS cure instantaneously the most violent TOOTH-ACHE and prevent the Pain from coming again by destroying the caries.

CLIN ET Co., PHARMACISTS, PARIS.

The products of CLIN et Co., Purveyors to the Hospitals of Paris, may be had of all Chemists and Druggists.

GOLD MEDAL

CALCUTTA EXHIBITION 1881.

CHASSAING'S WINE

WITH

PEPSINE AND DIASTASE.

IT HAS A MOST AGREEABLE FLAVOUR, AND CONTAINS THE TWO NATURAL AND INDISPENSABLE AGENTS TO INSURE GOOD DIGESTION.

It will be found most beneficial in cases of Indigestion, Vomiting, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Consumption, Gastralgia, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Constipation.

FALIERES' PHOSPHATINE,

This food, which is very agreeable to the taste, is invaluable for the numerous cases in which the phosphate of lime is indicated, particularly in pregnant and nursing women, in children particularly after weaning, in old people and in convalescents.

FALIERES' SYRUP

Of pure Bromide of Potassium

Prescribed with the greatest success for the cure of nervous maladies, headaches, sleeplessness, epilepsy, neurosis.

Approved by the Paris Academy of Medicine.

FALIERES' GRANULATED

Bromide of Potassium

Is employed against the same affections.

PARIS—6, AVENUE VICTORIA.

And at all Pharmacies.

COUGHS COLDS

Influenza, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Tickling Cough, Acute or Chronic Bronchitis, Hoarseness or Extinction of the Voice, RAPIDLY CURED BY

VAUQUELIN'S SYRUP AND PASTE

VAUQUELIN-DESLAURIERS, 31, rue de Clery, Paris. Sold by all Chemists and Druggists.

Skin Diseases, Herpes, Congestions, Scrofula, Ulcers and Vitiated Blood.

DR. GIBERT'S

THE ONLY GENUINE

IODURATED DEPURATIVE DRAGEES

(Sugar-Coated Pills)

Constitute the *best,* the most *agreeable,* the most *active* and most *economical* of all known depuratives. They suit all ages and all constitutions of both sexes.

Only price in Paris 5 fr. (4 sh.)

DESLAURIERS (late BOUTIGNY), 31, rue de Cléry, PARIS.

Sold by all Chemists and Druggists.

ASTHMA, OPPRESSION

LARYNGITES, Neuralgia in the face, SLEEPLESSNESS

VAUQUELIN'S ANTI-ASTHMATIC TUBES

releave INSTANTLY.

Eight or ten inhalations are sufficient.

ASTHMA.

DESLAURIERS' ANTI-ASTHMATIC ELIXIR

Keeps off crisis and rapidly causes them to disappear.

VAUQUELIN-DESLAURIERS, PARIS, AND AT ALL CHEMISTS.

SCHWEITZER'S COCOATINA.

Anti-Dyspeptic Cocoa or Chocolate Powder.

GUARANTEED PURE SOLUBLE COCOA OF THE FINEST QUALITY, WITHOUT SUGAR OR ADMIXTURE.

COCOATINA is the best Cocoa for INDIA and the COLONIES, *keeping for years in all climates,* being in a concentrated form. Made instantaneously with boiling water, and palatable without milk.

The FACULTY pronounce it the "most nutritious, perfectly digestible beverage for *Breakfast, Luncheon,* or *Supper;*" and invaluable for Invalids and Young Children. Being absolutely "all Cocoa," with the excess of fat extracted, is four times the strength of preparations thickened yet weakened with arrowroot, starch, &c., and in reality cheaper than such mixtures, a teaspoonful to a breakfast cup costing less than one halfpenny.

Celebrated for remarkable Sustaining Properties. Specially adapted for Early Breakfasts.

Adopted as a Medical Comfort in the Royal Navy.

Retailed by Chemists, Grocers, &c., in Air-tight Tins, at 1s. 6d., 3s., 5s. 6d., &c.

WHOLESALE BY THE SOLE PROPRIETORS,

H. SCHWEITZER & Co., 10, Adam Street, Strand, London, W.C.

AND ALL WHOLESALE HOUSES.

THE HÔTEL MÉTROPOLE,

LONDON. S.W.

This magnificent Hotel situated in Northumberland-Avenue and Whitehall-Place, Trafalgar-Square, is arranged and furnished to afford residents every possible convenience and comfort. In addition to a large number of Single and Double Bedrooms there are elegant suites of Private Apartments. The position is central, the arrangements are complete, the Public-rooms magnificent, and the charges moderate. The general organisation enables the Proprietors to provide the highest class banquets, dinners, and wedding breakfasts, for which some of the most luxurious suites of rooms in Europe are available.

Table D'Hote Breakfast, Luncheon, and Dinner at SEPARATE TABLES.

A HIGH-CLASS ANTI-CORROSIVE

LUBRICANT

("ENGELBERT'S LUBRICATOR"),

For Cylinders, Valves, Shaftings, Bearings, &c.,

LEAVES NO DIRT OR DEPOSIT. CANNOT "GUM" OR CLOG.

Price 3s. 9d. per Gallon.

PATENTEES & SOLE MANUFACTURERS,

ENGELBERT & CO.,

BISHOPSGATE, LONDON.

AGENT—J. B. K. MACBETH, ENGINEER, BOMBAY.

GOLD MEDAL WHISKY

The Finest **WHISKY** Scotland Produces

THE FAMED

"C.I.G"

(Registered Trade Mark.)

SPECIAL BLEND — *extra old.*

Sole Proprietor: E. VAUGHAN-JONES, LONDON AND GLASGOW.

Of Wine Merchants in Punjaub, N.-W.P., and throughout India

Also of the Great Eastern Hotel Co., Calcutta.

C. DAY & Co., Agents, London, also for John Jameson & Son.

NOTICE.—TO MANUFACTURERS OF

AERATED WATERS

The following Specialties, as supplied by me to the leading Aerated Water Manufacturers of England, the Continent, and America, are guaranteed to be the finest in the Market. They are unrivalled for their exquisitely fine flavour and richness of aroma.

ALL ARE PERFECTLY SOLUBLE AND WILL KEEP IN ANY CLIMATE.

HAY'S SOLUBLE ESSENCE OF JAMAICA GINGER.
A Pure Essence of the Finest Ginger, perfectly free from Capsicum. Highly adapted for the manufacture of Transparent Aerated Waters, and for all Dietetic, Medicinal and Pharmaceutical purposes. Trade Price, 5s. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 4s. 6d. per lb. Extra Fine and Strong, 5s. 6d. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 5s.

***HAY'S COMPOUND FORTIFIED ESSENCE OF JAMAICA GINGER.** For First Quality Ginger Ale.
Specially prepared for the manufacture of the very Finest Ginger Ale made, is an addition of Vanilla, Lemon, and other flavours to the above. It imparts, with the exquisite Ginger Aroma of the above-mentioned Essence, a peculiarly fine fruity flavour, combined with the fullest amount of fragrance and pungency. Trade Price, 5s. 6d. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 5s. Extra Fine and Strong, 6s. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 5s. 6d. Quantity required, 5 fluid ozs. to each gallon of Syrup, making 106 10-oz. Bottles.

HAY'S GINGER ALE EXTRACT. For Second Quality Ginger Ale.
This Extract is strongly recommended for the manufacture of Ginger Ale, to which it imparts Pungency, Colouring, great Brilliancy, and an unusually Fine Ginger Flavour and Aroma, and makes a thoroughly good article. Trade Price, 4s. 6d. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 4s. Quantity required, 3 fluid ozs. to each gallon of Syrup, making 106 10-oz. Bottles.

HAY'S GINGER ALE ESSENCE. Highly Concentrated. For Third Quality Ginger Ale.
This Essence, which is a complete Bouquet of Flavours in a highly concentrated state, makes a Ginger Ale possessing an amount of aroma, flavour, and quality that will be sure to command a large sale, and that is unsurpassed by the so-called finest Belfast Ginger Ale. Trade Price, 8s. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 8s. 6d. Quantity required half a fluid ounce to each gallon of Syrup, making 106 10-oz. Bottles. This Essence will be found most valuable to the general trade.

***HAY'S SOLUBLE ESSENCE OF MESSINA LEMONS.**
A magnificent Preparation, perfectly soluble, and makes the finest Lemonade obtainable. Trade Price, 8s. 6d. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 8s.
"Added in the proportion of 1 fluid oz. to each gallon of Syrup, the Soluble Essence imparts the most delicious flavour of the Lemon."—*The Chemists' Journal.*

***HAY'S GINGER CHAMPAGNE ESSENCE,**
For the manufacture of Ginger Champagne. This Essence is a combination of the finest flavours, and imparts with the Ginger a most exquisite aroma, making a most delicious and refreshing approximation to Champagne. Trade Price, 8s. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 7s. 6d. per lb. Quantity required, 10 fluid ozs. to each gallon of Syrup, making 106 10-oz. Bottles.

* *NOTE.—The above are specially recommended to Clubs, Hotels, Messes, and Stores requiring the very finest Essences obtainable. There is nothing in the market to equal them.*

HAY'S TONIC ALE ESSENCE.
Specially prepared as a "pick-me-up" for hot climates. Price, 6s. 6d. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 6s.

A few of the many Reports of the leading highest Medical and other Journals on my Preparations may be quoted:—

SOLUBLE ESSENCE OF GINGER.
"It should entirely supersede the official preparation of the British Pharmacopœia."—*Medical Press.*
"This Essence is of a very delicate and beautiful appearance, the aroma is fine and powerful, and its strength is very great indeed. The flavour is really exquisite, and it concentrates in quite an extraordinary degree the very best aromatic qualities of ginger."—*Drinks,* London, September 1, 1884.

GINGER CHAMPAGNE MADE FROM HAY'S ESSENCE.
"An excellent and most agreeable beverage."—*The Lancet.* "One of the most delicate and wholesome drinks in the market."—*Medical Press.*
"The fine Aroma of Ginger which Mr. Hay has caught with remarkable success is an excellent substitute for Alcohol, as it gives what old port wine drinkers used to call 'body,' and to many people besides professed teetotalers, an occasional change at least from the Royal French Beverage to its less costly, but equally sparkling and more refreshing, English rival, is a welcome treat.—*The Chemist and Druggist.*

GINGER ALE MADE FROM HAY'S FORTIFIED ESSENCE.
"It pours out with as fine a 'head' as any glass of ale, and possesses all the fine aromatic flavour of the pure ginger. It is a beverage which is sure to win favour wherever introduced."—*The Chemist and Druggist.*

The difference between preparations made from the above Essences and those made from the numerous spurious imitations of the above, bearing the name of **Soluble Essences,** is most marked, and no manufacturer using the latter can compete with one using Hay's preparations, as is well known in England.

The greatest care is used in packing for export to India, if in 1 lb. Glass Bottles (recommended for finest Essences), the cost of packing and delivering free on board ship at Hull, London, or Liverpool, adds about 7½ per cent. to the cost.

W. HAY cautions the Trade against the use of those spurious so-called Soluble Essences, which, besides having no Ginger Aroma, are Flavourless, Rank, and Disagreeable, and are little more than Tinctures of Capsicum.

W. HAY, Manufacturing Chemist to Aerated Water Manufacturers, } **HULL, ENGLAND.**

Indentors, to prevent disappointment, should specify that the Goods are to be of Hay's manufacture.

NOTICES.

JOHNSON & COMP'Y'S CANTERBURY PALE ALE

TREACHER & COMP'Y LTD. JOHNSON & Co LIMTD EXPORT BREWERS CANTERBURY

GOLD MEDAL SOLE AGENTS BOMBAY PRESIDENCY PARIS 1878

MEDAL LONDON 1873

DIPLOMA HANOVER 1878

CANTERBURY PALE ALE TRADE MARK JOHNSON & Co LTD

BREWED SPECIALLY FOR INDIA BOTTLED AT THE BREWERY

TREACHER & COMP'Y SOLE AGENTS BOMBAY & POONA

"IT SAVED MY LIFE."

Extract from letter of C. Fitzgerald, Esq., referring to LAMPLOUGH'S PYRETIC SALINE, which is Effervescing and Tasteless, forming a most Agreeable, Invigorating, and Refreshing Draught.

Drs. Morgan, Turley, Carr, Jackson, and many other medical gentlemen have given unqualified testimony to the importance of the discovery and the immense value of

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vitalising the blood it enables the constitution to resis climatic influences.

It gives instant relief in Thirst, Headache, Sea or Bilious sickness, Feverish Colds, Fevers, Smallpox, Measles, an Eruptive or Skin Complaints.

It is an excellent mild aperient, acting generally on the bowels without purging or scouring.

LAMPLOUGH'S PYRETIC SALINE may be obtained of any chemist or patent medicine dealer, and of H. LAMPLOUGH, 113, Holborn, London, E.C.

SEVEN MEDALS and DIPLOMAS of HONOR for superior quality excellence of manu- various Exhibitions in MADRAS, VIENNA, BOSTON and

LUNKAH CIGARS. ROBERTS & Co., COCANADA. ESTABLISHED 1865

FIVE awarded and facture, at CALCUTTA. AMSTERDAM, MELBOURNE.

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for CLUBS, ORDERERS on scale.

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TROUSERS STRETCHER

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MORE ESSENTIAL FOR TROUSERS THAN TREES FOR BOOTS.

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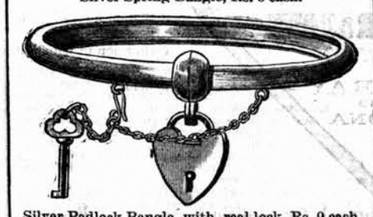

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Handsome Silver Bangle, Rs. 8 cash.

Elegant Silver Bangle, with horseshoe ends, Rs. 6 cash.

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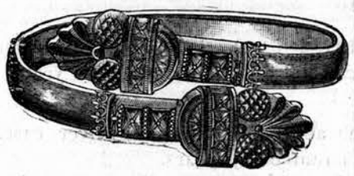

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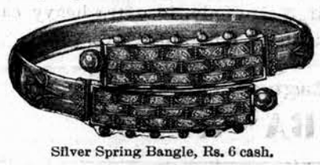

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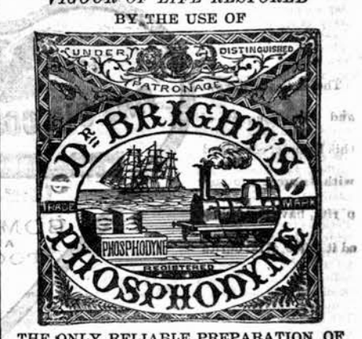

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This Phosphatic combination is pronounced by the most eminent members of the Medical Profession to be the most efficacious medicine hitherto discovered for the speedy and permanent cure of—

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And all morbid conditions of the system arising from whatever cause.

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Is unequalled for its power in replenishing the vitality of the body, by its supplying all the essential constituents of the blood and nerve substance, and for developing all the powers and functions of the system to the highest degree, therefore, a marvellous medicine for renovating impaired and broken-down constitutions. It quickly improves the functions of assimilation to such a degree that where for years an emaciated, anxious, and semi-vital condition has existed, the Flesh will rapidly increase in quantity and firmness, and the whole system return to a state of robust health.

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The ONLY medicine of that name granted certificates by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks. Beware of counterfeit Phosphodynes and cheap imitations bearing similar names.

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CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

OVERWHELMING TESTIMONY ACCOMPANIES EVERY BOTTLE

PROVING THIS TO BE

THE GREATEST MEDICINE EVER DISCOVERED.

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kind, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It Cures Old Sores
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Cures Scurvy Sores
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Clears the Blood from all impure matter
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

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Sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases. By ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world.

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renowned for nearly a century, surpasses all others for its lasting and natural fragrance.

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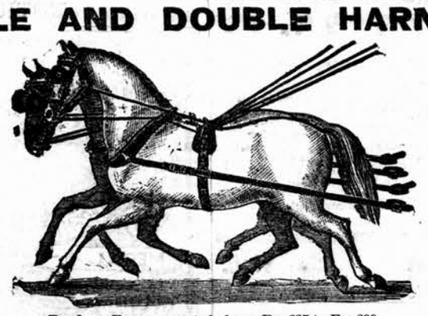

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PURE, MILD and MELLOW.
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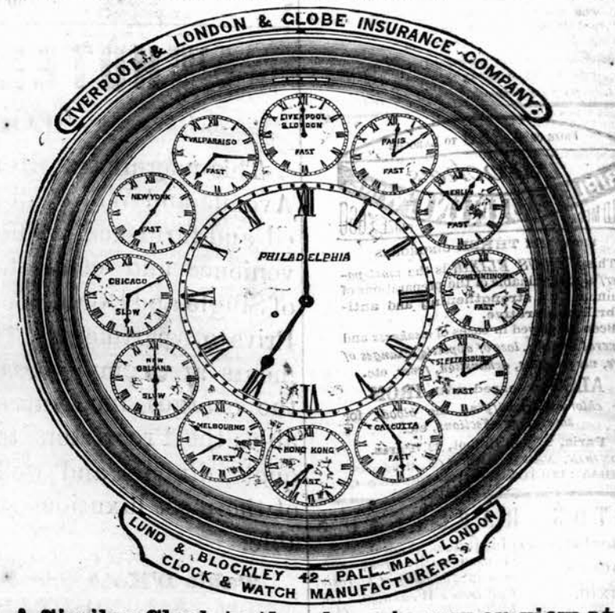

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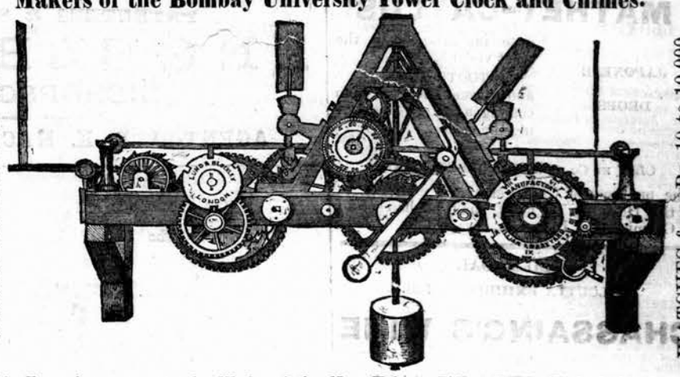

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OF CHIMING, MUSICAL AND PERPETUAL CALENDAR CLOCKS,
LARGE TOWER AND CHURCH CLOCKS,
FOR DIALS FROM 3 FEET 6 INCHES TO 50 FEET IN DIAMETER.
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EXAMINED AND GUARANTEED.
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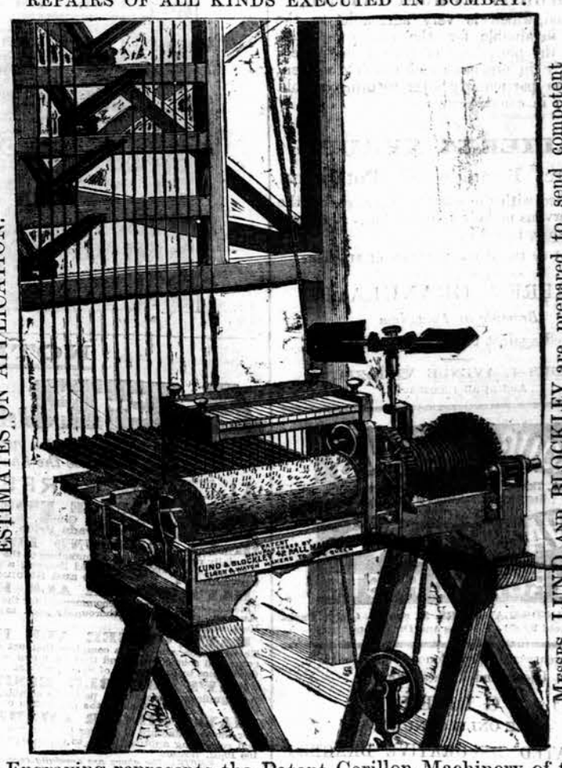
MESSRS. LUND AND BLOCKLEY are prepared to send competent men to any part of the world to report as to the condition and requirements of all kinds of Clocks and Corillons. ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.



MESSRS. LUND AND BLOCKLEY are prepared to send competent men to any part of the world to report as to the condition and requirements of all kinds of Clocks and Corillons. ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

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WATCH & CLOCK MANUFACTURERS TO THE QUEEN-EMPRESS.
THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, &c. &c.
AND BY APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY LORD REAY, GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY, AND MAKERS OF THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY TOWER CLOCK AND CHIMES.

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